THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1867. VOLUME XVII.—NUMBER 336

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY

—BY—

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily (in advance) per annum : : : : : $12 00
" " per week : : : : : : 25
To carriers and news-dealers, per copy : : 5
Weekly per annum (in advance) : : : : 5 00
☞ Non-subscription entered on our mail books for a less time than one month.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square one insertion : : : : : : $1 00
" " each additional insertion : : : 50
" " two weeks : : : : : : : 8 00
" " one month : : : : : : : 5 00
☞ All advertisements considered due after the first insertion.
☞ Eight lines of solid nonpareil constitutes a square.
☞ All advertisements in the Special Notice column will be charged 20 cents per line.
☞ Marriage and death notices published as other advertisements.
☞ Advertisements to be inserted in the Weekly paper only, or at irregular intervals in either of the papers, will be charged $1 per square for each and every insertion.
☞ All advertisements not marked for a special time will be discontinued at the end of one week.
☞ *Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.*
☞ No advertisement will appear in the Weekly paper unless by special contract.
☞ Our friends are respectfully asked to use their best efforts to send us subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

TERMS OF WEEKLY.

As an inducement to get up clubs, we have adopted the following scale of prices, which are as low as our current office expenses will admit of:

One Copy, one year : : : : : : $5 00
To clubs of ten or more, each : : : : 4 00
" —twenty or more, each : : : : 4 00
Invariably in advance.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

HEBREW AND MASONIC CALENDAR.

A.·. M.·. 5867.

1 Tisri, 10th September.....1868.
1 Kheswan, 10th October.....
1 Chisleu, 9th November.....
1 Tebeth, 9th December.....
1 Shebat, 7th January.....1867.
1 Adar, 8th February.....
1 Veadar, 8th March.....
1 Nisan, 6th April.....
1 Iiar, 5th May.....
1 Sivan, 4th June.....
1 Thamus, 4th July.....
4th, 5th Augusts.....
1 Elul, 1st September.....

Ash Wednesday, 6th March.....1867.
Maunday Thursday, 18th April.....
Good Friday, 19th April.....
Easter Sunday, 21st April.....
Ascension, 30th May.....
Pentecost, 9th June.....
Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year. jal2 mh14 tf

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

1867.

LODGES.

ANGEMONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. R. Forster, 24 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. J. T. Sellars, W. M.; Benj. R. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Ainslie, W. M.; S. P. Woodward, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 204. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 201. Meets 4th Friday of each month—24 Front street. John J. Worsham, 33d, W. M.; B. R. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

CYRENE Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wright, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wright, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.

24 Front Street.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G. M.·.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.·.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th.; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G.·. M.·.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.·.

CASIPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. R. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh.·., Sec.·.

CALYSIA CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; H. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.·.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSIS Council of K.·.—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.·.; William Ryan, 32d, Rec.·.

CONSISTORY of WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 33d., Comm.·. in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.·.

HOTELS.

WORSHAM HOUSE.

OWING TO THE DECLINE IN PROVISIONS from war prices, raising my own vegetables, the general economical arrangement of the house, and close personal attention to business, I am enabled to accommodate

Transient Guests at $3 per day, and

Day Boarders at $35 per month.

Feeling desirous that my friends and the traveling public should have the advantage of any deduction that can be made in their favor, I will simply say that my Table and general hotel accommodations SHALL ALWAYS BE FIRST CLASS, and attention to Guests equal to any hotel in the Southwest.

C. B. GALLOWAY,
Proprietor.

je22 1m

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN HOUSE,

Near Chattanooga, Tenn.

THERE is no more pleasant spot for a Summer residence than the summit of Lookout Mountain. The scenery is most beautiful and affords great delight to the lovers of nature.

Looking to the North and East, from the MOUNTAIN HOUSE, a varied landscape is seen. To the left flows the placid Tennessee, winding in and out among the hills, till far away in the distance its waters seem to blend with the clouds. Wooded hills and rich valleys, with waving fields of corn and grain, extend as far as the eye can reach in the horizon, where the faint outlines of the Great Smoky Mountains are seen traced upon the sky.

In all the features and mail facilities, being but an hour's ride from Chattanooga, and is a First Class Hotel.

Within the family lips before the war, the beauty and intelligence of the South came every Summer to breathe the pure mountain air, and it will soon again be the favorite Summer resort of all who, tired of the dust and heat of crowded cities, desire rest, tone of mind and invigoration of body, amid the finest scenery in the country.

au7 COOPER & JAMES, Proprietors.

IUKA SPRINGS HOTEL

IS now open for the accomodation of visitors. A new house with forty rooms has been added to the large Hotel, with all modern improvements.

Billiard Tables, Tenpin Alleys, Bath Rooms, Swings, Etc.,

Good health, the best Water in the world, unsurpassed music, magnificent ball-rooms, and hunting and fishing, and every inducement for pleasure, health and comfort.

115 Miles East of Memphis, on Memphis and Charleston Railroad,

With two daily trains, telegraph, etc. Rooms can be engaged at T. J. CRAFT & CO., No. 306 Main street. PATTERSON, WRIGHT & CO., Proprietors.

au7

FRANKLIN

JOB PRINTING HOUSE

15 West Court Street,

Memphis, Tenn.

The Franklin Job Printing House

Is made up of the latest and most beautiful styles of New-Cut Types, Borders, Scripts, Ornaments and Designs, representing all branches of trade.

The Franklin Job Printing House

Has in constant operation FIVE LIGHTNING JOB PRESSES—all of the most celebrated patterns now known.

The Franklin Job Printing House

Has always on hand a large and elegant assortment of Printers' stationery—as adapted to Business Cards, Bill Heads, Circulars, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Bills of Lading, Dray Tickets, Bank Checks, Notes, Drafts, and every description of FINE PRINTING.

The Franklin Job Printing House

Will turn out none but the BEST WORK, and at as low prices as any house in the city—satisfaction being guaranteed in every instance.

The Franklin Job Printing House,

In all its departments, is under the personal supervision of the Proprietor, who has been practically engaged in the printing business in this city for the past fifteen years. In a word, the business of

The Franklin Job Printing House

Will be conducted on such fair, liberal, honorable principles as cannot fail to recommend itself to the confidence and patronage of the Merchants and Business Men of Memphis, from whom orders for all kinds of Mercantile Printing are solicited.

Respectfully,

S. C. TOOF,
Proprietor.

feb12

NOTICE.

THE creditors of the estate of E. M. Appleby are hereby notified that I have suspended the insolvency of said estate in the Clerk of the County Court of Tipton county, Tennessee, and the creditors of said estate are notified to file their claims, duly authenticated, within six months from the date hereof, or this action will be filed in bar of the same.

E. B. DANIEL, Administrator.

April 1st, 1867. ap19 tf

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Joe. E. Lynch,

OFFICE—351 Main street, between Union and Gayoso streets, Memphis, Tenn.
OFFICE HOURS—9 to 12 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.
jly12

J. D. STILLMAN, M. D.,

Physician for Females.

THE THROAT, LUNGS AND HEART.
Office—36 Union street, Memphis, Tenn.
☞ Medicine and treatment sent by express.
jly14

DR. C. SPEIGEL may be found at No. 34 Union street, between Main and Second, where he is prepared to treat all manner of diseases upon the most scientific and approved methods. He has connected a surgical department with his office, and is prepared to treat all surgical diseases. Residence, No. 250 Union street. Office Hours from 8 o'clock to 10 a.m., and from 3 o'clock to 5 p.m.
Patients at a distance promptly attended to. Treatment and medicines sent by express.
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L. C. GLOVER, M. D.

ECLECTIC SYSTEM.

Of twenty-one years experience in general practice. Bills made moderate.

Office at Virginia House,

Adams street, Memphis, Tenn.

DR. WM. EVERETT

CAN be found at Rooms No. 5 and 6, Southern House, corner of Main and Real street, where he is prepared to treat and advise with all ladies having diseases peculiar to their sex. Age and long experience convinces him that all can be relieved, no matter how severe the case, or of how long standing; and above all others he desires those cases which have been *PRONOUNCED INCURABLE.*

☞ Diseases of children will also receive especial attention.

DENTISTS.

S. HINSON,

DENTIST,

No. 225 Main Street,

Near the Worsham House.

ap6 dawly

Harris & Blair,

DENTISTS,

No. 217 Corner Second and Adams Sts.,

ADAMS' BLOCK.

J. C. HARRIS. C. L. BLAIR.

LAWYERS.

EDGINGTON & HALSEY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 233 Second St., Jefferson Block.

☞ Special attention given to proceedings in Bankruptcy and in Admiralty.
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WM. G. SWAN. G. P. FOUTE.

SWAN & FOUTE,

Attorneys,

MEMPHIS.

ESPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO MATTERS IN BANKRUPTCY.

Office—DeSoto Block,

Madison Street, between Main and Second.

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, Late of Gallatin, Tenn. ROBERT A. HATCHER, Late of Missouri.

WINCHESTER & HATCHER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

C. S. CAMERON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

—AND—

United States Commissioner,

Office over Commercial Bank,

Entrance No. 19 Madison St., MEMPHIS TENN.

A. WRIGHT, L. D. MCKISICK.

WRIGHT & McKISICK,

Attorneys at Law

HAVE removed their office to the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street.

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.

L. H. PIKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitor in Chancery,

Little Rock, - - Arkansas.

Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to.
mh10 tf

BARBOUR LEWIS. WILLIAM CRAIG.

LEWIS & CRAIG,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Stillman Block, No. 280 Second street, North of Madison, Memphis, Tennessee.
M. T. Willimson will be found at the above.
mh12 6m

E. L. DIXON. W. A. PERCY.

DIXON & PERCY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Greenville, Miss., Will practice in the Courts of Tunica, Coahoma, Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena Counties.
dec15 1y

JOHN S. KERR. J. W. WESTCOTT. GEO. E. STAHL.

Kerr, Westcott & Stahl,

Attorneys at Law,

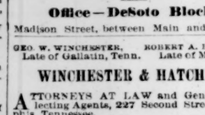
No. 270 Second Street,

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE.

J. W. Westcott,

United States Commissioner and Commissioner for all the States.

SELF-FASTENING WROUGHT IRON BUCKLE TIE



FOR COTTON BALES.

CHAS. G. JOHNSEN, Sole Prop'tr,

No. 14 Union street, New Orleans.

All other Ties fastening by this method are infringements, and will be prosecuted at law as such.

We are sole agents and are prepared to fill orders for the above

Self-Fastening Wrought Iron Buckle Tie,

on the most favorable terms. We are having them manufactured of the most superior iron and thoroughly tested.

D. H. DAVIS & CO.,
Commission Merchants.

Louisville, June 22, 1867. au1

Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Flux, Children's Teething, and the Great Preventive of Asiatic Cholera.

MAGUIRE'S BENNE PLANT.

THIS Extraordinary Medicine, the fame of which is spread broadcast throughout the country, is undoubtedly superior to any remedy ever offered to the public for the complaints for which it is intended. We have in our possession testimonials furnished voluntarily by Col Long, late Chief Topographical Engineer Bureau of Washington, Gen. Fitz Henry Warren, Gen. Pleasanton, and others of the army; Father P. J. De Smet, the celebrated Indian Missionary; Officers of the Navy, Surgeons, Hospital Stewards, Commanders of nearly every steamer plying on the Mississippi and tributary rivers, Western Sanitary and Christian Commissions, Army Chaplains, and others too numerous to mention. Likewise the highest encomiums of the Press, most of which are published in our almanac, (which we shall send to any one requesting it) praising its valuable medicinal qualities in the highest terms. No other medicine has such recommendations.

J. & C. MAGUIRE,
Sole Proprietors, St. Louis.

Sold by Druggists and Medicine Dealers everywhere
jy28-dkw tf

To Contractors.

THE undersigned, Commissioners appointed by the County Court of Crittenden county, Arkansas, will receive sealed proposals until the 31st day of August, 1867, for the erection of a

Fire Proof Clerk's Office,

in the town of Marion. Plans and specifications can be seen at the Clerk's office in Marion. The right to reject all bids is reserved.

J. E. KARL,
WM. VANCE, Jr.,
H. C. BROWN,
Comm'rs.

MASONIC INTELLIGENCE.

SELFISHNESS.

[32d Degree, Scottish Rite.]

One enemy of progress is the more dangerous, because it is found in Masonry and in our own bosoms, as well as in the world. It is not certain that modern Masonry has not encouraged it, by becoming a society for mutual benefit and assistance confined to its members alone. This enemy is SELFISHNESS, the parent of APATHY and INDIFFERENCE, which flow from it, and are, as it were, its manifestations. It is the more obstinate and almost unconquerable, because it is passive, stationary and inert, impregnable alike against persuasion, reproach and shame. If we could but overcome it, and replace it with zeal, ardour and disinterestedness, the victory over the other wrongs and injustices would be certain, however long delayed.

All men have fine sentiments, and many will do great deeds under excitement. But regard for the interest and welfare of self alone; disinclination to active exertion in the cause of humanity and improvement, beyond a small almsgiving; and indifference to, if not open contempt for, every thing that looks beyond the boundaries of business and politics, are the besetting sins of the day. Selfishness is king; and never, in any age of the world, were men less inclined to sacrifice themselves for the public good, or to prefer the interests of humanity or their brethren to their own. Hence comes that lustful greed of gain which has made capital and labour enemies, and the laborer in many countries a slave and a machine. Hence it is that in great Empires Famine yearly claims it numerous victims, children toil in mines, men and women die of hunger, and human labour, less valuable than that of animals, is not worth its food. Hence come carelessness as to the public interests, acquiescence, equivalent to connivance, in public abuses, malfeasance in office, and the general corruption. Hence the entrusting of power to the most unfit and the least competent; hence combinations to defraud not the government, but the people who pay what the government expends, by contracts at inordinate prices, schemes of no public utility, expenditures not demanded by the public interest. Hence, in a great measure, the decay of morals, the neglect of education, the increase of vice and pauperism in city and country, and a thousand kindred evils that afflict and at last destroy a country.

ODES.

[MASONIC CEREMONY ODE—ODE OF PERFECTION.]

NO. III.

Scorn not the slightest word or deed,
Nor deem it void of power,
There's fruit in each small winged seed,
Waiting its natal hour.
A whispered word may touch the heart,
And call it back to life;
A look of love bid sin depart,
And still unholy strife.

No act falls fruitless, none can tell
How vast its power may be!
Nor what, in mingled thread dwell
Within it silently.
Work, and despair not; give thy mite,
Nor care how small it be!
God is with all that serve the Right,
With all the True and Free.

NO. IV.

Fall, O fall, ye words of anger,
Like the leaves when Autumn blows!
Like the May-dew on the lea!
Like the moonlight on the snows!
Fall like seed in barren places,
Fall like rain-drops in the sea,
Idle words, foredoomed to perish,
Vanish from the memory!

Gentle words of loving kindness,
Fall like grateful summer rain!
Like soft sunshine on earth's bosom,
Like sweet music heard in pain;
Like the dew on drouthy grass,
Like God's manna from the skies;
Fall, soft accents of affection,
Bearing fruit that never dies!

JURISPRUDENCE.

EXPULSION.—A majority of all the members present may *expel* a Brother for unmasonic conduct, provided due notice be given, as far as practicable, to all the members of the Lodge, of the time and objects of said meeting.

No Lodge shall restore a Brother who has been *expelled*, until due notice shall have been given, as in the foregoing resolution, to all the members of the Lodge, of the time at which the question of restoration is to be determined.

After a Brother is legitimately *expelled*, he has no further claims on the fraternity, and that in no case shall he be restored to the privileges of Masonry without an unanimous vote of the members present when the question of restoration is acted on.

No question of *expulsion* or restoration shall be determined in any Subordinate Lodge, except a majority of the members of the Lodge be present.

Unaffiliated Masons are liable to *expulsion* for unmasonic conduct.

In all cases of suspension, *expulsion* or restoration of a member, two-thirds of the votes of the members present shall be required. No expelled Mason shall be restored to the privileges of Masonry, except by a vote of the Grand Lodge, and such restoration shall not restore him to membership in the Lodge from which he was expelled, without the unanimous consent of said Lodge.—*G. L. of Illinois*, 1854.

When a Mason is *expelled* by a subordinate Lodge, and an appeal is taken to *G. L.* and, such *expelled* Mason is restored to the rights and privileges of Masonry by the Grand Lodge, the Lodge expelling him has the right to exclude him from visiting it, or participating in any of its ceremonies.—*G. L. of Tenn.*, 1853.

After a member has been *expelled* from his Lodge, he cannot be received again into membership, except by a unanimous vote, and in the usual mode required for membership.—*G. L. of Ohio*, 1853.

JURISDICTION.—A Grand Lodge cannot rightfully exercise *jurisdiction* over Masons or Lodges in any territory when a Grand Lodge has been duly established, without its consent.

The action of the Grand Lodge of Hamburg, in granting a warrant to Pythagoras Lodge, in New York city, within the *jurisdiction* of the Grand Lodge of New York, was a breach of Masonic law and of courtesy, and that no member of that Lodge shall be permitted to visit any Lodge under this *jurisdiction*, or receive any of the benefits of Masonry, and no German Mason, hailing from the Grand Lodge of Hamburg, shall be entitled to such rights, unless he affiliate with some Lodge under this *jurisdiction*.—*G. L. Texas*, 1853.

A person desiring initiation or admission must first apply to the Lodge nearest his residence, or obtain its consent to apply to some other particular Lodge. A Lodge, receiving applicants without such consent, is guilty of a grave offense against Masonic law.—*G. L. of Arkansas*, 1853.

The violations of the general and permanent rules of the Grand Lodge, by Eureka Lodge 61, Pearl 23, and Brown 65, in confirming degrees upon persons without their respective *jurisdictions*, without certificates or permission from Lodges claiming *jurisdiction* over them, met the unqualified disapproval of the Grand Lodge.—*G. L. Mississippi*, 1848.

It is the sense of this Grand Lodge that no Subordinate Lodge in our *jurisdiction* should confer any of the degrees on citizens residing in another *jurisdiction*, without the consent of such foreign *jurisdiction*, first had and obtained.—*G. L. of Illinois.*

The right is conceded to Subordinate Lodges in adjoining states, to confer degrees on border citizens of this state, such states reciprocating this sentiment. [*G. L. Md.*, 1854.

Lodges in an adjoining state have permission to receive and act upon petitions from applicants residing within this state, where there is no Lodge in the same convenient to the residence of said applicants, by the consent of the Grand Master of this state.—*G. L. of Indiana*, 1854.

This Grand Lodge deems the establishment of a subordinate Lodge within the limits of the *jurisdiction* of any existing Grand Lodge, by a foreign or sister Grand Lodge, an unjust and unwarrantable interference with the rightful and exclusive Masonic power of such existing Grand Lodge, such act shall operate as a suspension of all Masonic intercourse between this Grand Lodge so offending, which shall cease only with the abandonment of such assumed power by the offending Grand Lodge.—*G. L. District of Columbia*, 1854.

TREASURE IN HEAVEN.

[*Respectfully dedicated to George Peabody, Esq.*]

BY MRS. GODFREY SAXE.

"What I spent, I had; what I kept, I lost;
What I gave, I have."—*Old Epitaph.*

Every coin of earthly treasure
We have lavished upon earth,
For our worldly need or pleasure,
May be reckoned something worth;
For the perishing, dying creature
Though the purchase were but small;
It has paid for all with the thing;
We have had it, that is all.

All the gold we leave behind us
When we turn to dust again
(Though our avarice may blind us,)
We have gathered quite in vain;
For we neither can direct it,
By the winds of fortune tossed,
Nor in other worlds expect it—
What we hoarded we have lost!

But each merciful oblation,
Seed of Pity, wisely sown,
What we gave in self-negation
We may safely call our own;
For the treasure that is given
Is the treasure that we hoard,
Since the angels keep in Heaven
What is lent unto the Lord!

PRAYER IN MASONRY.

From a Lecture of the Scottish Rite.)

Though Masonry neither usurps the place of, nor apes, religion, prayer is an essential part of our ceremonial. It is the aspiration of the soul towards the Absolute and Infinite Intelligence which is the One Supreme Deity, more feebly and misunderstandingly characterized as an "ARCHITECT." Certain faculties of man are directed towards the Unknown: Thought, Meditation, Prayer. The Unknown is an ocean, of which conscience is the compass. Thought, Meditation, Prayer, are the great mysterious pointings of the needle. It is a spiritual magnetism that thus connects the human soul with the Deity. These majestic irradiations of the soul pierce through the shadow towards the Light.

It is but a shallow scoff to say that prayer is absurd, because all is not possible for us, by means of it, to persuade God to change His plans. He produces fore-known and fore-intended effects, by the instrumentality of the forces of nature, all of which are *His* forces. Our own are part of these. Our free agency and our wills are forces. We do not absurdly cease to make our *efforts* to attain wealth or happiness, prolong life and continue health, because we cannot by any effort change what is predestined. If the effort is also predestined, it is not the less *effort* made of *our free will*. So, likewise, we pray. Will is a force. Thought is a force. Prayer is a force. Why should it not be of the law of God that Prayer, like Faith and Love, should have its effects? Man is not to be comprehended as a starting point, or progress as a goal, without these two great forces, Faith and Love. Prayer is sublime. Orisons that beg and clamor are pitiful. To deny the efficacy of Prayer, is to deny that of Faith, Love and Effort. Yet the effects produced when our hand, moved by our will, launches a pebble into the ocean, never cease; and every utterance is registered for eternity upon the invisible air.

TRUST IN GOD AND DO THE RIGHT.

Courage, brother! do not stumble,
Though thy path is dark as night;
There's a star to guide the humble:
"Trust in God and do the right."

Let the road be long and dreary,
And its ending out of sight,
Foul it bravely—strong or weary,
"Trust in God and do the right."

Perish "policy" and cunning,
Perish all that fears the light;
Whether losing, whether winning,
"Trust in God and do the right."

Trust no party, church or faction,
Trust no "leaders" in the fight;
But in every word and action
"Trust in God and do the right."

Trust no forms of guilty passion,
Fiends can look like angels bright;
Trust no custom, school, or fashion,
"Trust in God and do the right."

Some will hate thee, some will love thee,
Some will flatter, some will slight;
Cease from man, and look above thee:
"Trust in God and do the right."

Simple rule and safest guidance,
Inward peace and inward light;
Star upon our paths to shine,
"Trust in God and do the right."

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—Denmark has repossessed herself of North Schleswig, and war with Russia must result.

—The new Atlantic cable connecting New York with Brest will be completed in May next.

—Accounts from the Atlantic seaboard planters indicate damage to the crops from the continuance of rain.

—A majority of Mexicans are represented as being satiated with bloodshed and are now clamoring for a general amnesty.

—The recent wholesale executions in Quaretaro are denied officially by Consul Godey at San Francisco.

—A heavy rain storm visited St. Louis Thursday night. It is the first rain they have had in that quarter for a month.

—The anti-slavery congress convened in Manchester on Wednesday. Wm. Lloyd Garrison and several other distinguished white Africans made speeches.

—The hop crop in Northern Massachusetts has been nearly destroyed by the lice.

—The births recorded at Boston last year numbered 5644, the marriages 2845, and deaths 4379.

—The Great Eastern has been chartered to lay the new Atlantic cable from Brest to New York.

—Among the relics preserved at Aix-la-Chapelle, *L'Ascair Nationale* mentions the handkerchief of John the Baptist of Faith, Love and Effet. Yet the effects produced when our hand, moved by our will, launches a pebble into the ocean, never cease; and every utterance is registered for eternity upon the invisible air.

—The steamship Pereire made her last passage between New York and Havre in eight days and seventeen hours—the fastest time on record.

—The earnings of the Union Pacific railway, Kansas branch, in July, were $100,000. The estimated earnings for August were $200,000.

—The gross earnings of the Chicago and Northwestern railway for the last year were more than ten million dollars; net over three millions.

—George Sheldon, of Deerfield, Mass., has an original bona fide electoral ticket for George Washington for president. It is headed "The Washington Ticket of Electors."

—Secretary McCulloch has been informed by those in the president's confidence that his resignation will not be accepted.

—Two more suicides are reported at St. Louis yesterday. At least thirty self-murders have been committed there this summer.

—A magnificent block of marble front stores are to be erected in St. Louis on the site of the Lindell hotel.

—A destructive fire occurred at Connellsville, Pa., Thursday morning, the flames laying waste an area of two acres, including the Presbyterian church.

—From St. Louis to St. Paul, via the North Missouri and Iowa Central, the whole road, 575 miles, will be completed by January 1, 1868.

—Two hundred and fifty houses are building in Omaha now. The Cozzens hotel is completed and open for guests. The fine Catholic cathedral will soon be consecrated.

—A restaurant car, it is said, will be added to the trains on the Memphis and Charleston railroad. On northern lines they have been in successful use for sometime.

—At New Florence, Mo., on the 19th, a tornado struck the unfinished amphitheater at the fair ground, completely demolishing the building and killing one man.

—The proprietors of a London suburban cemetery advertise that theirs is the only one where the head of the modern Pretorian Guard, Lord Napier, is not to repose.

—Mr. S. S. Knowles, a well to do farmer, aged about sixty years, residing in Zuma township, about three miles from Port Byron, committed suicide early on Saturday morning, by cutting his throat.

—A colored mass meeting was held at Macon, Ga., Thursday, at which from six to eight thousand persons were assembled. The Atlanta radical platform was adopted. Good order prevailed.

—Erie, Pa., which used to be only a peanut stand, now claims a population of 19,000, and is having Nicolson pavement laid in its principal streets.

—Hamilton, Ohio, with a population of only fourteen thousand, makes more malt than any other place in the union, and has three hundred and twenty-five drinking saloons.

—Denver (Colorado) papers give encouraging accounts of mining prospects thereabouts. Travel on the overland route continues uninterrupted.

Noon Dispatches.

PARIS, August 29.—The *Moniteur* says the recent conference at Salzburg is a new pledge of peace for Europe. Much uneasiness prevails on the bourse, in consequence of apprehensions of war, and rentes are declining.

LONDON, August 29.—The returns of the bank of England in bullion have increased £42,000.

Active preparations are being made by the board of admiralty and the war office for the expedition to Abyssinia to save English prisoners. Sixteen steamers have been chartered to transport troops.

Advices from Athens state that the Cretan insurgents still hold out in the mountains, and denounce as false the report that Omar Pacha has succeeded in subduing the rebellion.

CINCINNATI, August 30.—It is understood that the fight between McCoole and Jones will take place somewhere in Butler county, Ohio. Trains will leave the depot of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad, in this city, for the spot, at two o'clock Saturday morning. The fight will commence between six and eight o'clock a.m.

MONTREAL, August 29.—Nominations for members of parliament were made to-day. McGhee was hooted at and prevented from speaking. Cartier's friends raised a riot at another place, and Lancelot (liberal) had to be guarded home. Three men were dangerously beaten and several others injured. Later—The riot in the eastern part of the city was more serious than at first reported. The troops have been called out. The cavalry charged on the mob, and two squadrons had to guard the candidates home. Fatalities severe and number over thirty, but none reported fatal.

FORTRESS MONROE, August 30.—Judge Fowler, of the county court at Williamston, C., recently gave a decision allowing colored jurors to sit in the court, stating that since the abolition of slavery in 1865, by the state of North Carolina, there was nothing excluding negroes from acting as jurors, and since the civil rights bill was passed by congress, granting them all the rights of whites, they were fully entitled to act in the capacity.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—A special to the New York *Herald* says the truth in regard to the various rumors afloat relative to the rupture between the president and Gen. Grant is, that no rupture has taken place; that the two are on the most friendly terms, and Grant has not offered, or the president asked him, to resign his office.

RICHMOND, August 30.—Some negroes having badly beaten a policeman, and stabbed two others, at the circus in this city Wednesday night, a company of United States troops has been sent to the spot to-night, to suppress a riot which is considered imminent.

MISS ABBY FOLSOM, one of the earliest advocates of "woman's rights," recently died at Rochester, New Hampshire, at the ripe age of seventy-five years. She per aversions during life, says the Boston *Post*, were male supremacy, slavery and hog's fat.

Poor Abby! She spent a long life screeching and squalling for woman's rights, and finally died without knowing what they were.

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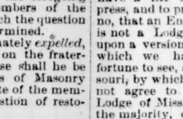

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WOULD announce to her friends and patrons, that she will return to Memphis in time to resume her school in the northern part of the city, on MONDAY, September 2d. Notice of the exact location will be given in the city papers the last week in August.

August 11, 1867. au11 2w

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THE Fourth Annual Session of St. Paul's Academy, Helena, Arkansas, for the reception of boarders and day pupils, will commence on the

First Monday in September.

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MEMPHIS.

SATURDAY. . . . . AUGUST 31, 1867

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TO THE READERS OF THE APPEAL.

The constantly enlarging circulation of the APPEAL, and the generous support given to both the Daily and Weekly issues by city and country, assure the proprietors of the general approval by the public of its course since it came into their hands.

Its Past is the pledge it offers for the Future. It will continue to endeavour, in accordance with the motto which it has adopted, to say those things only that are true and honest. It has but a single Client, the People of the South, and it will endeavor to advise its readers always, in that it may often fail; but its opinions shall always be honest and conscientious, at least.

Those to whom its conduct is entrusted will continue to endeavor to make the APPEAL acceptable to its readers, and desirable as a medium for advertising. The Masonic column will hereafter appear every Saturday, and on every Sunday reading appropriate to that day: and the proprietors hope, by close attention to the affairs of the papers and office, to still entitle it to the support and confidence of the people, on which alone it depends.

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No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

OUR PLATFORM.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all law, States and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been disseized.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to the colored race of all the rights of freemen.

NO REPUDIATION by State or Nation of any honest debt.

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STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

APPROVAL of the efforts of the President to prevent the annihilation of civil liberty by the revolutionizing of the Government, and to restore the Union of the States; and of all that he has done to defend the Constitution and to maintain the rightful supremacy of the civil law; and charity and allowance for what he has left undone or done amiss.

SEMPER EADEM.

In 1681, says the Historian, "Nine years had elapsed since the Supreme Council of the Nation had been convoked, during which interval the people had groaned under an accumulation of almost every evil which misgovernment could inflict upon a nation,—legal tyranny, perverted justice, and military license. Every successive Parliament, since the first riotous restoration one, *had forged additional fetters for the country. Dread of the tyrannical statutes they had themselves enacted*, and *the overwhelming weight of the prerogative, which, in the madness of their loyalty, they incensed with unthinking prodigality*, had so broken the spirit of the nobility, and crushed the patriotism of the commissioners, that the meeting of the Estates *had become a mere form for registering the royal edicts*. . . . No visible spark of liberty existed in the Kingdom, except among the traduced and persecuted wanderers, whose unconquerable attachment to their civil rights was supported and invigorated by a spirit of religion, equally unassailable by the flattery or the frowns of Power. . . . The united efforts of King, Nobles and Parliament were incapable of extinguishing that flame which, though feebly, burned purely upon the mountains and among the mosses of Scotland, and kept alive those principles, to which the ever memorable revolution gave stability."

In 1681, CHARLES II had reigned twenty years from the day when MONK, whom he made Duke of Albemarle for the service, had set him upon the throne of his father. He came to that throne upon the great reactive wave of frenzied enthusiasm which naturally succeeded the Democracy of the Long Parliament and the Imperial Protectorate of CROMWELL. The pendulum swung back as far on the side of Royal prerogative as it had swung forward on the side of Democratic autocracy; the reaction in favour of monarchy was in proportion to the violence with which the nation had annihilated it, and the people had asserted, first their right to govern themselves, and next their right to select and submit to a Protector. *For both of these rights belong to the people; and the latter is more valuable and essential than the former.*

When the populace becomes the impassioned and always reckless partizan, of one branch of the Government, whether the Executive or Legislative, against the other, it never pauses or falters until it gives that branch which it favours a preponderance so excessive as to invest it with the powers of despotism. So the one man becomes Dictator, Protector, Emperor; and the many, forming a body too unwieldly, long to exercise with a concentrated will the powers of government, transfer them to a Directory, a Committee of Public Safety, or a like Oligarchy under some other name.

The partizans of a Legislature, like the National Convention of France, can "forge additional fetters for their country," as unscrupulously and as diligently as the partizans of a monarch. A body so invested with an unlawful, because unconstitutional and excessive power, comes, after a time, to dread "the tyrannical statutes they have themselves enacted;" and the people equally create a despotism, whether "with unthinking prodigality, they, in the madness of their loyalty, increase the overwhelming weight of the prerogative" of a King like CHARLES II. or an Emperor like NAPOLEON I.; or in the frenzy of their fear or hatred of a Magistrate, they aggrandize to immense and exorbitant proportions the powers of a popular assembly, as the people of the Northern States have beyond all just and reasonable measure aggrandized those of the revolutionary Congress of the United States.

In 1681 and the evil years that followed it, the Scottish Presbyterians were regarded and dealt with as rebels. A test-oath was imposed, which was "a declaration of passive obedience, and an acknowledgement of royal supremacy;" an oath "calculated to incapacitate not the Presbyterians alone, but even the moderate conscientious Episcopalians." By this test-oath the lieges swore "that they held it unlawful to form associations for redressing grievances, or to take up arms against the King; that they would never decline his power and jurisdiction in any case, but would defend the same against all deadly;" and this oath was required to be taken in the plain genuine sense of the words, without any equivocation, under the penalty of confiscation.

"An immense majority," the historian says, "of those who held public situations, submitted to the test; and Scotland presented the appalling sight of a government whose security was built upon a general dereliction of truth and sincerity." Is that not the precise condition into which Congress is forcing the

project of compulsory reconstruction, and the oath which it exacts of all who desire to possess the right to vote?

Power always stigmatizes as rebels, those who oppose its excesses; and is the more malignant and unforgiving in proportion as its rights are doubtful. Those who struggle to sustain a *just* cause and fail, are always the most cruelly punished, to the end that fear may prevent a repetition of the attempt. It is the possessor of an unlawful power who is the most indignant at an attempt to wrest it from him. One naturally resorts to force, when worsted in argument; and the Northern leaders would not to-day be half so vindictive against the South, if they did not know that the Southern theory of the Government was correct, and that the States which seceded *had* the right to establish, if it pleased them, an independent government for themselves.

Of course, argument no longer avails anything, even before the Courts. "To the sycophants who fawn around the footsteps of despotism, demonstration, though it may carry conviction, is incapable of producing opposition to their master's will," whether that master be a monarch or a revolutionary assembly.

It was in 1683 that WILLIAM LAURIE was fried "for conversing with and resetting rebels who had been at Bothwell, and allowing some of his tenants engaged there to return and reside on his grounds." The persons he was accused of conversing with had neither been convicted, pursued nor intercommuned; were besides included in the indemnity, and had resided openly and without molestation for two years in the country. "But the Lord Advocate," the HOLT of BINGHAM of that day, "contended that if persons were in fact rebels, *or notoriously suspected*, it was not necessary that they should have been legally convicted, in order to render it treason to converse with them." The judges concurred in this opinion, and LAURIE was convicted and condemned to lose his head.

The whole government, in their anxiety to press the test, "breathed the same spirit of inveterate determination to destroy all sense of honour in the land, and procure associates in sin, by forcing every man of integrity to violate his conscience or lose his living." The whole kingdom was one scene of persecution, rapine and judicial murder. The judges inquired of those brought before them their opinions as to allegiance, and their silence or admissions were alike fatal to them. It was even held to be treason not to have made known the fact of an application for a loan of money made in behalf of a person afterwards convicted as a traitor. The consequence of this universal and savage reign of terror was that nearly the whole population yielded and conformed; and only among a few "traduced and persecuted wanderers" did a single spark of manly independence continue to exist.

In one sense, all acts of despotism are equally criminal. The atrocity of an act is not the measure of its unconstitutionality or infamy; for one far less atrocious than another may be quite as complete and inexcusable a violation of constitutional or natural right. The trial of Mrs. SURRATT in time of peace, by a Military Commission unauthorized by any law, was a trial forbidden by the Constitution, and as great an outrage and a crime as if she had been hung by order of STANTON without any trial whatever. The law laid down on her trial and that of WIRZ, by the Government Prosecutors, was just as palpably an outrage on justice as that decided by the Scottish Judges in LAURIE'S case. An unlawful arrest by military authority, in time of peace, is as unlawful as murders like those committed by CLAVERHOUSE and KIRKE.

The Constitution is like a dike reared against the encroachments of the ocean or of an immense river. To break a way for the waters through it at one point, however small the crevasse, is as fatal as to level it for its whole extent. *The sea or the river will itself do the rest.*

The Congress of the United States has not enacted laws as atrocious as those of the Scottish Parliament, *but it can do so when it pleases*, and no more violate the Constitution than it has violated it by those already enacted. There have been no murders so hideously revolting and outrageous as those of LAURIE and BAILLIE of Jerviswood; but those by military commission can no more be justified than these. The military despots whom Congress has set over the Southern States are not authorized to commit, and have not committed, such crimes as were committed in Scotland by LAUDERDALE and the Privy Council; but Congress can as lawfully invest them with *that* authority as with their present powers. It simply *refrains* from exercising to their full extent the powers it has usurped. The despotism it has established are not intolerable, simply because it has not chosen to make them so. Oppression is progressive; and when those who are governed have no other security for exemption from the worst outrages than the forbearance of the despot, no one can be sure that all the atrocities of other times may not be re-enacted. When the Roman people came to have no rights, tyranny soon ceased to impose restraints upon itself, and the despotism of AUGUSTUS made possible that of DOMITIAN.

The excesses of despotic power, by whomsoever and how many soever possessed, teach many lessons, but these especially to us and all the people of the United States,—that violations of the Constitution, and usurpations of power, and acts of despotism, whether by the legislature or the executive, should be checked at the beginning; since the worst outrages of tyranny are only greater in degree than these, and are rendered possible by them; and that he who justifies the least of these, and in the least gives countenance to any of them, by speech or writing, is a public enemy, and deserves the punishment of a malefactor.

ELECTION FRAUDS.

We have not been disposed to collect and publish the evidence of frauds perpetrated in the late election. As we look at it, a negro living in Arkansas or Mississippi, or a boy of eighteen, had quite as much right to vote as one living here; and as our defeat was sure, if only the latter voted, it made no difference how many more were unlawfully registered, or committed perjury and voted.

Frauds of that sort are perhaps inseparable from *all* popular elections. They certainly are if large numbers of negroes vote; and therefore why complain and scold about what is as inevitable as fate, as certain "as death and the taxes?" Let them play out the play. It is but a huge farce, though it may in the end prove a tragedy. The more the fraud, the more preposterous the farce, and the sooner it will disgust the country. For that purpose it may be well, some time, to publish the whole revolting record. Not to harm Radicalism here in Tennessee, because it will not make it odious to the negroes. They are not fastidious on that subject, and it would not cost the destructives a single vote.

We speak of the matter now, only to say, that the enormous villainies of the late registration and election are but the natural and legitimate fruit of a system inaugurated many years ago, and to which in some measure at least, our present calamities are owing. Long before the war, it had become common for elections to be carried by fraud; and those of us who cared for public affairs in that day all well remember the Piacquemines frauds, when, under the auspices of JOHN SLIDELL, boat-loads of 'voters' were sent to the Parish of Piacquemines, to vote by perjury and fraud. We all remember the days of the Empire Club, the Plug-Uglys, the New Orleans election riots. The practices of those days are but continued in the present, more boldly and more extensively, because the field is wider and the profit greater and more certain, since the electoral franchise has been entrusted to the paws of the negroes. It is to be hoped that when better times dawn in the South, the old rank abuses and corrupt practices of political parties will be avoided as hostile to the liberties of the people, and in the end ruinous to the

REPUDIATION.

The Radical Journals are charging upon the Democratic Candidates in Ohio and elsewhere the advocacy of Repudiation. Of this, the Chicago *Times* says:

The government has issued certain bonds, some of which are, by their terms, principal and interest, payable in gold, and some of which, and by far the largest sum, are not by their terms made payable in gold. The latter class of bonds Mr. Pendleton proposes to pay in treasury notes. Is this repudiation? He proposes to pay the holders of these bonds exactly the same kind of money they paid the government when they bought the bonds.

The legal tender act was in force when the bonds were purchased. It made treasury notes a legal tender for the payment of all the debts of the government not contracted to be paid in coin. The purchaser of five-twenties knew of its existence. The government did not contract to pay the five-twenties in coin. What is the inference? Is it not that those investing in this class of bonds knew that the government would elect whether it would pay them in coin or currency? Is it repudiation to pay a debt according to its terms? How was the debt incurred? By borrowing currency worth fifty cents on the dollar. How does Mr. Pendleton propose to pay it? In the same kind of currency which it has increased in value.

To pay a debt contracted to be paid in gold in treasury notes, below par, is a violation of the agreement and is partial repudiation. It is repudiation to the extent of the depreciation of the notes. This is not proposed by Mr. Pendleton. His proposition is to pay the holders of five-twenties according to contract. We have shown what the contract was. The legal-tender act and the terms of the bonds of this class leave no room for construction on this point.

Is swindling by a Government any more dishonest than swindling by an individual? Or has the Government a legislative monopoly of the patronage of fraud? The Constitution of the United States forbids a *State* to enact laws 'violating the obligation of contracts.' It imposes no similar restriction upon the United States. One State cannot swindle; but if a majority of them combine to do it, it is lawful. Congress may enact such laws. It is not prohibited. Is it among the powers granted and delegated by the States? Oh, no!—but the doctrine that the General Government possesses only such powers as are expressly granted, or as it has by necessary implication from such as *are* expressly granted, is obsolete. We have outgrown all that. The General Government does not receive its powers from the *States*. "The will of the *people* (white and black,) is the law of the land, in *this* Republic."

Therefore, Congress may embody rascality in legislation, legitimate swindrelism, and become the great Patron of Fraud. Consequently the *Courts* hold, the Supreme Court of Tennessee holds, that when a man has given a note containing an express promise to pay in gold coin gold coin borrowed, he may nevertheless pay the note in *currency or legal tender notes*, even if gold is worth $2 40. And yet it is declared that "to pay a debt contracted to be paid in gold, in treasury-notes below par, is a violation of the agreement, and partial repudiation. It is repudiation to the extent of the depreciation of the notes." Undoubtedly it is; but the Government, the acts of Congress, authorize individuals to do it, and the debtor to that extent to *swindle* his creditors. To pay a gold debt in depreciated paper, is to *rob* the creditor of the difference between the two. In a country where this is *lawful*, what is the use of churches with cushioned pews? and what does it matter whether immersion or sprinkling is the saving mode of pseudo-baptism?

Because a power is prohibited to a State, as, for example, that of making any thing except gold and silver coin a legal tender, and that of violating the obligation of a contract, does it therefore follow that it *may* be exercised by Congress? That body is forbidden to pass *ex post facto* laws. These are exclusively of a criminal nature. Can it, because *not* forbidden, enact laws that have a retrospective operation in civil matters? Can it enact that every body shall receive the gold dollar for a dollar and a half, in payment of debts, or so alloy the dollar that it shall be worth only fifty cents, and enact that every body shall still receive it as a dollar?

The man who borrowed a thousand dollars in gold, before the passage of the legal-tender act, and now counsels him who loaned it, to receive depreciated treasury notes at par, does an act of scoundrelism, if the law *does* allow it, and if the Courts do help him to do it. And the Government that *encourages* and *bribes* its citizens by the resultant profit, to repudiate one-third or more of their honest debts, by paying in depreciated paper, may reasonably expect that there will seem to the same men to be no more moral guilt in repudiating Government bonds.

Congress has no power to make Treasury notes a legal tender, or to impair the obligation of any contract. These are villainies, wrongs, rascalities; and those to government can have a *right* to commit. The Constitution does not confer any such power; and they can not be implied, for they are not among the lawful powers of *government*. To interfere for the debtor and help him to rob and swindle his creditor, is not an act of *government*; any more than exacting two dollars per annum from a lawyer and granting him a *license* to practice law is a lawful or a respectable exercise of power. Who gave the United States power to *license* lawyers to practice, preachers to preach, and doctors to diminish the population? It thieves on all hands,—by means of its licenses, its stamps on oyster-cans and its unconstitutional taxes, and encourages others to be dishonest, and still expects that its own faith and credit will be kept inviolate. But *as a man soweth soon so shall he reap;* and there is the same law for States and Nations. Dishonest legislation is a national misfortune.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Night Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

NEW ORLEANS, August 30.—There were twenty-six deaths from yellow fever yesterday. Gen. Cyrus Hamlin was interred with Masonic honors. Thirty of the crew and four officers of the ironclad Mohawk are sick with the fever. They were removed to the hospital yesterday. Four of the crew have died. They had remained cooped up on board the vessel until it had almost become a pest house.

Order 120 requires P. G. Mahan, city controller, appointing D. B. Mandel. The reasons are similar to those in the orders requesting the city council.

Order 130 provides for an election, on the second Monday in September, of parish inspectors, who will immediately enter upon their duties, notifying the reparative proprietors to repair and strengthen or construct new levees, and, in default thereof, to enforce the law in such cases made and provided. A correct account of the expenses for said repairs or construction, whether by individuals or parishes, is to be kept, and, upon the acceptance of the levee by the state engineer, to be paid from the proceeds of the state bonds appropriated by the legislature for that purpose.

LOUISVILLE, August 30.—The river is stationary, with three feet six inches in the canal.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., August 30.—Arrangements for the Northwestern Sanigerfest, commencing on the third proxy, are nearly completed. A hall capable of seating six or seven thousand persons has been erected on Lupshouse square for the occasion. Delegates and respondents attending the Sangerfest are requested to call immediately on arrival at the *Journal* or *Herald* offices, where the press committee will furnish all needed credentials and recommendations. A complimentary banquet will be tendered visiting members on Friday night.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—The following order was issued to-day:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY, ADJUTANT GEN'S OFFICE, } WASHINGTON, August 28, 1867. }

General Order No. 82.

The following order is received from the war department, and published for the information and guidance of all concerned. To prevent payments on fraudulent discharge papers, paymasters are strictly forbidden by chief of their departments to refuse payment, unless the identity of the soldier is properly established:

PAYMASTER GEN'S. OFFICE, } August 12, 1867. }

Circular No. 83.

To insure, as far as practicable, prompt payment of such claims and at the same time still more carefully guard against fraudulent officers, who sign and deliver discharge papers, all fraudulent the soldier to present them in the district of pay district in which he is serving at the time of his discharge, or if he prefers to some other chief of a pay district. The officer will then immediately notify, through another channel than hands, of the man discharged. The paymaster, designated of the fact of such discharge and date, name, regiment and company of the soldier as set forth in the papers. No payment will be made on the discharge of any paymaster except on receipt of such notification, unless otherwise conclusively satisfied of their genuineness, and the personal identity of claimant.

By command of Gen. Grant.

E. D. TOWNSEND, A. A. G.

A Mexican letter says Prince Salm Salm, who was expecting to be shot, has been sentenced to seven years' imprisonment. Santa Anna is to be tried by court martial. Lozada has given in his adhesion to the government. A careful estimated list of the number of persons executed by Maximilian's order since 1865, shows a total of 9,214.

NEW YORK, August 30.—The convention yesterday determined to make the office of attorney-general elective, and abolish that of state engineer.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Cotton is heavy but higher; sales to-day 1,200 bales; uplands 27c. Flour lower; superfine western $6 65@7 00. Wheat quiet and steady. Corn active and better; new mixed western $1 12@1 14. Oats firm at 70@72c. Rice nominal. Coffee dull and firm. Sugar firm; Cuba 11½@12c; Porto Rico 12@c. Molasses steady. Pork irregular; new mess $23 25. Lard quiet and steady at 12½@14c.

Money steady at 3@5c. Sterling 8¾@10. Gold 11@41. Government stocks quiet and firmer. Stocks quiet; Erie 70; Hudson 124; Illinois Central 120; Receipts at the sub-treasury $4,171,947; payments $8,700,000; balance $116,619,601.

ST. LOUIS, August 30.—Tobacco active at full prices. Hemp very quiet, and unchanged. Flour quiet and firm; XX $6 90@9; XX and XXX $10@11; choice and family $12@13 75. Wheat steady, 22 50@2 50. Corn dull; mixed and yellow, $1 04@1 05; White, $1 06@1 08. Oats dull, 58@59c. Rye steady, $1 12@1 15. Provisions very firm. Pork $24 50. Bacon loading up; clear sides, 16½c; shoulders, 12@14c; sugar cured hams 19@20c. Lard quiet, 13c in bulk for both. Whisky steady, $2 10.

CINCINNATI, August 30.—Flour dull, wheat unchanged and scarce and higher; corn and shelled, $1 04@1 05. Oats dull and lower; No. 1, 57c. Whisky unsettled; held at 30@35c in bond. Pork dull, at $23 25@23 50. Lard 32c. Bulk meats firmer; shoulders 13c, sides 18½c; Bacon, 13@14½; sides, 15@16½c for clear rib; sugar cured hams 21@22c; common, 17@18c.

NEW ORLEANS, August 30.—Cotton sales to-day, 75 bales, and dull and declining; low middling, 25c; receipts for the week, 2501; stock on hand, 15,000. Louisiana sugar only at retail; fully fair, 15@15½c; Cuba, fair, 13½@13¾c. Molasses, no Louisiana in market; Cuba dull, 46c. Flour dull; superfine, $8 25@8 50; choice, $10 25@10 50. Corn in light demand; white and yellow, $1 20@1 30. Oats dull, 55@60c. Pork active, $26 25@26 50. Bacon shoulders 13@14½; clear sides, 17@18c. Gold, 41c. Sterling, 50@55c. New York sight, ½ premium.

LONDON, August 30.—Sales of tobacco to-day 486 hhds; whole range 23 50@28 50. Flour, superfine $7. Corn dull at $1, shelled and delivered; in bulk 80c. Wheat $2 05@2 10. Oats 55@58c. Provisions firm. Mess pork $23 75. Lard 82s. Bacon shoulders 42s; clear sides 42s. Whisky in bond 36c.

DIED.

WARD—At Lake City, Minnesota, Thursday evening, August 29th, after a long and painful illness, Mrs. C. L. WARD, wife of Dr. R. D. Ward, of this city.

MYERS—On the 16th instant, in Marshall, Texas, of consumption, W. M. MYERS, formerly express messenger on railroads leading from this city, and latterly engaged as street railroad conductor on Memphis City railroad lines. He leaves a wife to mourn his loss.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The friends and acquaintances of ROBERT L. HAMMOCK are requested to attend the burial of his mother, from her late residence, on Robeson street, This Saturday Morning, August 31st, at 10 o'clock. Services by Rev. J. R. GRAVES.

WILLIS—On the evening of the 26th inst., of hydrocephalus, WILLIS, youngest daughter of Wm. Willis and Rebecca Park, aged 2 years and 6 months.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from their residence, 122 Auna street, this (Saturday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Services by Rev. D. C. O. Steadman.

Carriages at Hoadley's.

Personal.

A lady who left a basket containing a Diamond Ring and some other trinkets in my office on Saturday last, will please call and get nothing property and paying for this advertisement.

S. HINES N, Dentist,
aug31 2d 293 Main street.

FOR RENT—

A large DRY CELLAR 75 by 25 feet, 10 feet high, and fronting on the landing of Ale or Beer, and centrally located, half a square from Overton Hotel. Address H., Appeal office.

aug31 tw

Business College

283 Main Street.

ESTABLISHED 1865; INCORPORATED 1867.

No vacation during the year. Students can enter and complete any course of study at any time. The different departments will be in session MONDAY, September 2d, 1867. C. CHAMBERLAIN, Proprietor, Teacher of Penmanship.

S. M. ROBERTSON, Teacher in the Book-keeping Department.

F. U. WORLEY, Teacher in English and Mathematical Department.

aug31

GRAND EXCURSION TRAINS

TO

Raleigh Mineral Springs,

ON

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1867.

FIRST TRAIN leaves Depot, head of Main street, at 8 A.M. Returning, leaves Springs at 2:30 P.M.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Depot at 3 p.m. Returning, leaves Springs at 7:30 P.M. Rate of fare from Memphis to Springs and return, $3 00.

Omnibuses will be waiting at Wells' Station on arrival of trains.

SAM B. JONES,
Superintendent.

Evening papers copy one time.

EDUCATE YOUR CHILDREN!

THOROUGH Training Required! W. E. Ward's Seminary for Young Ladies, Nashville, Tenn., will reopen on the first Monday in September. Circulars may be had at Appeal office, or by addressing the Principal.

aug31 1m

NEW ADVERTISEM'TS

EAGLE COTTON GINS.

STRAUBS' GRIST MILLS,
Wheeler, Madden & Clemson's Circular Saws,
Hall's Fire Proof Safes,
For sale at Factory prices by

McCOMBS & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS,
Nos. 322 and 324 Main Street,
aug9—au30 MEMPHIS, TENN.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

THE Memphis Mining and Manufacturing Company are desirous of selling or leasing the

ROLLING MILL

Near the city of Memphis, Tenn.

It is a first-class scrap merchant mill on the single turn. All the machinery is new and of the best quality. Liberal time will be given on the purchase, if desired.

M. J. WICKS, President.
Memphis, Tenn., August 29, 1867. aug 30tu

R. W. LAMB. E. B. LAMB.

STORAGE

—BY—

R. W. LAMB & CO.,

—FOR—

Cotton and Merchandize Generally,

At Charleston Cotton Shed,

Corner of Adams St. and Charleston Avenue,
au30 tf MEMPHIS, TENN.

Election for Directors

—OF THE—

Memphis and Charleston R. R. Co.

THE Stockholders in the Memphis and Charleston Rail Road Company are hereby notified that the annual election for nine Directors of said Company will be held at the office of the Company in Memphis, Tenn., and Huntsville, Ala., on Wednesday, the 11th day of September, 1867.

Stockholders will be passed free for one day before and until one day after said election, upon exhibiting their certificates of Stock to the Conductor.

GEO. ROBERTSON,
Sec'y and Treas'r.

VIRGIL V. MOORE. EDWIN WHITFIELD.

MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO.

(Successors Moore, Whitfield & Rayner,)

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

No. 1 Howard's Row,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

WE are prepared to make liberal cash advances on all consignments; also, to furnish Bagging, Rope or Ties, to parties who will ship us their Cotton. We are agents for

JEFFERSON WOOLEN MILLS, Lebanon, Tenn.
PREMIUM AUGUSTA JEANS, manufactured by W. G. Clemmons, Brown & Co.
SOLE AGENTS OF THE CANE MILLS (cast iron), manufactured at Zanesville, Ohio.
The Celebrated UNION WASHING MACHINE
E. GRAY'S STAR CAPE LIME. au30 daw

YOUNG LADIES'

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

Forest Hill, Tenn.

ESTABLISHED in 1866, chartered by the Legislature in 1867, and admirably located on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, ONE HOUR from the city of Memphis, will resume its exercises on the

Second Monday in September, 1867.

Facilities for acquiring a thorough and accomplished education are here afforded in combination with the most healthful influences, to-wit: Spacious Grounds, Hall for Gymnastics large, airy rooms, pure Cisterns and good Well Water; also, a bountiful supply of fresh Vegetables and choice Fruits.

TERMS PER MONTH:

Boarding and Furnished Room	$30 00
Washing	2 00
Tuition in English Branches	6 00
Tuition in Ancient and Modern Languages, each	5 00
Use of Piano and Guitar (with use of Instrument), each	6 00
Incidental Fee, Fuel and Lights, each	2 00
Tuning of the Voice	2 00

Payments to be made monthly, in advance. City acceptances, on short time, will be received as cash.

For Circulars apply to Rev. B. Miller, Germantown, Shelby county, Tenn.

aug30w2 Rev. B. MILLER, Proprietor.

WARRANTED THE GREATEST REMEDY IN THE WORLD.

DR. C. WILLIAMS' Balsam of Wild Cherry and Wood Naptha, a speedy and positive cure for Consumption, in its early stages, before this fell disease has advanced too far, and certain cure for Pneumonia, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Night Sweats, Husky Throat, Wasting of the Flesh, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Strength, Catarrhs, Pleurisy, Whooping Cough, Difficult Breathing, and all diseases of the Chest and Lungs, together with all the affections which predispose the above named complaints.

At the commencement of the war the manufacture of this highly popular remedy was necessarily suspended. The proprietor and inventor has made arrangements to reintroduce it again extensively throughout the Southern States, and respectfully solicits the patronage of his old friends and customers for a renewal of the favors heretofore extended to him. Those who are not acquainted with the value of this unequalled entire preparation, are referred to the pamphlets to be procured from agents.

Sold by all Druggists in Memphis, Tenn., and throughout the Southern States.

au30

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

UNITED STATES

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO.,

Located at Baltimore, Maryland,

ON 31st JULY, 1867.

CAPITAL:

Subscribed	$250,000 00
Paid up	200,000 00

ASSETS:

Cash on hand and in the hands of agents	$ 26,777 36
Real estate unincumbered	15,000 00
70,000 U. S. 6-20 Bonds	74,900 00
47,650 U. S. 7-30 Treasury Notes	51,995 75
25,000 Tennessee Bonds	24,000 00
5,000 Annapolis Water Loan	5,000 00
20,000 Virginia Bonds	15,000 00
par val, m'k't val.	
200 shares Balt. & O. R. R. Stock $30,000	$22,800
45 shares National Bank of Baltimore, 4,500	4,725
100 shares of National Bank of Baltimore, 10,000	10,000
100 shares National Exchange Bank of Baltimore, 10,000	10,000
Debts for Fire Premiums	$ 7,525 00
Bills Receivable	3,140 20
	29,714 47
	$366,802 68

LIABILITIES:

Bills Payable	$ 2,500 00
Losses adjusted and not due	3,129 33
Losses in suspense and waiting proof	23,500 00
	29,129 33

STATE OF TENNESSEE, } COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, } Nashville, August 28, 1867.

I, G. W. BLACKBURN, Comptroller of the State of Tennessee, do hereby certify that the UNITED STATES FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, located at Baltimore, in the State of Maryland, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on insurance companies, and I further certify that the said Company is authorized to transact the business of Fire and Marine Insurance in this State, and has complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such cases; wherefore, said UNITED STATES FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY has authority to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Memphis, Tennessee.

G. W. BLACKBURN,
Comptroller Tenn.
GEO. W. L. CROSS,
General Insurance Agent,
aug30 1m 279½ Main street.

J. D. STEWART'S

CLASSICAL HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

SCHOOL LIMITED AND SELECT.

PERMANENT LOCATION, ALABAMA ST., north side, third door east of Hill street. Exercises will begin

First Monday in September.

au2 1m

Cash Paid for Wheat and Corn.

I WILL pay the highest market price for Wheat and Corn, at my mill, on Second street, corner of Jackson.

au27 WM. BENJES.

THE DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.

NO material which has ever been discovered has effected greater benefits in the household economy than

McGIMSEY'S MAGIC SOAP.

It is a labor-saving invention as well as an invaluable remedy in Scurvy, Scald Head, Eruptions of the Skin and Piles. Dandruff is removed from the head, the Teeth whitened and cleaned, Pale and Jewelry cleaned, Stains effectually removed from Carpets, Clothes, Paint, Furniture and Marble, with the greatest facility and without injury to the material. It is a great saving of time and labor in washing clothes. It is the only known Soap in which will wash Flannels with the ease of cotton or linen without failing or shrinking. All the washing clothes. It is the only known Soap which possesses so many valuable properties. It possesses no deleterious qualities whatever. The world is challenged to produce a soap and which is so innocuous and safe. It is a home invention, and defies competition in any part of the world. It has become a necessity in Memphis, and its use is rapidly spreading throughout the South, and eventually will extend over the Yankee states, North and South America, Europe, Asia, Africa and Oceanica. Manufactured solely by C. F. McGimsey, Memphis Tenn., and sold at the following places in the city at wholesale and retail: Page & Co's Bank, Taylor's Drug Store, Poplar street, Hogg's, corner of Third and Adams; Oliver's, corner of Main and Madison; Hall's, corner of Main and Jefferson; Hall's, corner of Main and Union; Hall's, corner of Main and Monroe; Hall's, corner of Main and Beale; Hall's, corner of Main and Gayoso; Hall's, corner of Main and Poplar; Hall's, corner of Main and Court; Hall

BANKING DIRECTORY.

COMMERCIAL Bank of Tennessee, corner Madison and Main streets.

DES-TO-BANK, No. 20 Madison street.

FIRST National Bank, 14 Madison street.

GERMAN National Bank, 283 Main street.

GAYOSO Savings Institution, 19 Madison street.

MEMPHIS CITY SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 16 Jefferson street.

MEMPHIS GERMAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 16 Adams street.

MEMPHIS Insurance Company, 278 Madison street.

MERCHANTS' National Bank, Jefferson street.

PEOPLE'S Bank of Tennessee, 12 Madison street.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

BUTLER, H F, Insurance Agent, 16 Jefferson.

BIGLEY, MELLERSH & CO, Coal Dealers, 25 South Court

BRIGGS & PETERSON, dealers in Coal, No. 11 Madison street.

CAROLINA Insurance Company, 291 Main street.

CLARK, S. E. & CO., Insurance Agents, corner Front and Jefferson streets.

CAMPBELL, G. J. & CO., Abstract Office, corner Monroe and second street.

CHAMBERLIN, C. F. & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 197 Main street.

CORB, E. D. Cotton Broker, 208 Front street.

B. C. DEWITT & CO., Aurora Oil, No. 24 Madison street.

EMMONS & SON, Booksellers and Stationers, 10 Jefferson street.

EVANS, D. H., Liquors, 14 Monroe street.

EASON BROS. & CO., Dry Goods, 267 Main street.

EBERLY & CO., C. H., Liquors, Second street opposite Greenlaw Opera House.

JOHN EICHBERG, Hardware, 191 Main street.

FLAHERTY & WESCHE, Agents, Furniture, 328 Second street.

FAY & CHANDLER, Georgia State Lottery Agents, 267 Main 16 Jefferson.

FOWLKES & STAFFEY, Cotton Factors, 193 Second street.

ENSIE BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN, Grocrse, 300 Main street.

GLOVER, L. C., Physician, office at Virginia Hotel

GLASSICK & CO, F., Fire Arms, 240 Main street.

GOEPEL, LEOPOLD, Music Dealer, 375 Main street.

HINSON, S., Dentist, 225 Main street.

W. K. HILL, STRANGE & CO., Cotton Factors, 14 Monroe street.

HUEFTE & CO, P L, Drug Store, 213 Main.

HUBBARD & LOVELL, Saddlery, 331 Second street.

HOLST, J. C. & CO., Undertakers, 330 Main street.

HUNT, THOS. H. & CO., Dyers, 246 Second street.

HERNANDO INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 17 Madison street.

HOFFHEIMER, N. & J., Liquors, 276 Front street.

HOLLENBURG & OERTEL, Building Material, 316 Second street.

HILL, HUME F., U. S. Commissioner, 19 Madison street.

HARMSTAD, LARRY & CO, Steamboat and Ticket Agents, corner Main and Madison.

KORTE & MCDONOUGH, Gas Fitters, 344 Second street.

LUNN & MALLON, Gas Fitters, 204 Main street.

LYONS, FIES & CO, Dry Goods, 240 Main.

LEVY & MILLER, Steamboat Agents, 262 Front street.

LESLIE, JOHN, Painter, 7½ Madison street.

LINNEY & VREDENBURG, Insurance Agents, 11 Madison street.

MANHATTAN SAVINGS BANK, No. 9 Madison.

MOSBY & DOKION, Commission Merchants, 264 Front.

MCCAFFREY & CORNELIUS, Undertakers, 317 Second street.

MERRYMAN, BYRD & CO., Jewelry, 275 Main street.

MURRAY & RIDGLEY, Merchant Taylors, 81 Madison street.

MAYER, MARSCHUETZ & CO., tobacco, corner Jefferson and Second streets.

MEISSNER & BRO., Liquors, 261 Main street.

MOFFAT, JAS. G., Trimmings, 347 Main street.

MOORE & WEST, northwest corner Madison and Main streets.

NEW MEMPHIS Theater, Jefferson street.

NATHAN BROS. & CO., Liquors, 262 Second street.

PIKE & ADAMS, Attorneys, Main, over German National Bank.

PAGE & CO, Family Groceries, 189 Poplar.

PATTISON & CO, GEORGE, Books and Stationery, 317, Main.

PAUL & CROCKETT, Tennessee Iron Store, 270 Front.

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 20 Madison street.

PLANTERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, over Savings Bank of Memphis.

PIKE, I. H., Attorney, Little Rock, Arkansas

PERKINS, LIVINGSTON & POST, Hardware 268 Main street.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO., Auction-eers, Jefferson stock, Second street.

ROBINSON, W. A. & CO., Founders, Main street, opposite Gayoso House.

RUSSELL, GROVE & CO, Gayoso Planing Mill, 212 Adams street.

RADCLIFF, F. E., Lime, Cement, etc. 89 Madison street.

SELDEN, WILLIAMS & CO., Lumber, 174 Madison street.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE Company, 42 Madison street.

SHULTZ, A. O., Locksmith, 119 Jefferson street.

SPECHT, JOSEPH C, Undertaker, Madison between Main and Second

TOOF, S. C., Job Printer, 15 Court street.

THURMOND, FOSTER & CO., Tobacco Factors, under Greenlaw Opera House.

THRALL & CO., Merchant Tailors, 19 Jefferson street.

H. T. TOMLINSON, Insurance Agent, No. 17 Madison street.

VACCARO & CO., Liquors, 324 Front street.

WINCHESTER & HATCHER, Attorneys, 27 Second street.

WEBB, S. M & CO, Cotton Factors, Lee Block, Union.

WEBBER, E. B. & CO, Cotton Factors, 230 Front.

WHITEMAN BROS., Printing Paper, 57 South Court street.

WESSON, A., Dentist, 254 Second street.

RAILROADS.

Memphis & Little Rock R. R.

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY, JULY 16, 1867, trains will leave HOPEFIELD at 7 a.m., arriving at Ten Mile Bayou at 8:15 a.m. Returning—Leave Ten Mile Bayou at 4:30 p.m., and arrive at Hopefield at 6:45 p.m.

On TUESDAYS and SATURDAYS a train will leave Ten Mile Bayou at 8:30 a.m., arriving at Hopefield at 9:45 a.m. Returning—Leave Hopefield at 4 p.m., and arrive at Ten Mile Bayou at 5:15 p.m.

The Round Trip From Memphis, $1 50.

The Ferryboat NEVADA will make close connection with all trains.

J. L. MEIGS, Chief Engineer.

jy16

MEMPHIS AND OHIO RAILROAD.

CHANCE OF SCHEDULE,

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, MEMPHIS, TENN., July 7, 1867.

TRAINS will leave the Depot of this Company, at foot of Main street, until further notice, as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Express

Leaves every day at 4 p.m., making close connection at Louisville with fast Express trains on Jeffersonville Railroad for all Eastern cities, and with United States Mail Steamers for Cincinnati and all cities North and East, and is the

Shortest and Quickest Route to Nashville.

NIGHT EXPRESS—Every night except Saturday night at 11 p.m., making close connection with Mobile and Ohio Railroad at Humboldt, and with Illinois Central Railroad for St. Louis, Chicago, St. Paul, and all points North, West and East, and at Louisville with Jeffersonville Railroad for all Northern and Eastern cities.

Cars Go Through Without Change.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage Checked through to all important places. Persons holding Through Tickets can stop over at any point and resume journey at pleasure.

☞ Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at Ticket Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot. SAM E. JONES,

jy7 tf General Superintendent.

Excursion to Mammoth Cave.

TWO DAILY TRAINS leave the Depot of the Memphis and Louisville railroad, head of Main street, as follows: 7 p.m. and 11 p.m., running through to Cave City without change of cars.

☞ Excursion Tickets from Memphis to Mammoth Cave and Return at Reduced Rates. Fare round trip, to Cave and return $30 75 each Parties of seven or more..... 29 25 each Parties of twenty-five or more..... 16 70 each

For through tickets and all information, call at Ticket Office, No. 237½ Main street.

jy27 tf SAM. E. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

J. J. RAWLINGS. J. L. WEBB. J. L. RAWLINGS.

J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 254 Front Street.

IF STAIRS, - - - MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ We will sell COUNTRY PRODUCE consigned to us aug21

MARTIN EYKE.

SUCCESSOR to W. H. Fullerton, dealer in Furniture and Mattresses, 40½ Monroe Street. All descriptions of Mattresses and Bedding made to order. Particular attention paid to Steamboat Work. Old Mattresses renovated. All kinds of Upholstering done by competent and experienced workmen. aug6 1m

EUREKA AND PRATT'S

SOUTHERN MADE

COTTON GIN.

THE EUREKA GIN saw, grates hulls, bolls and sticks from the Seed Cotton, and will pay for itself in one crop of 50 bales. PRATT'S GIN needs no puffing but speaks for itself, and like good wine, not forgotten by those who have tried it. Gins repaired by a skilful Ginwright, whose factory was burned by the Yankees. Circulars sent on application.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

WE are authorized to announce AMOS H. CURLIN as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March Election in 1868.

Memphis, July 31, 1867. aul te*

BOARDING.

BOARDING—

Families or single gentlemen can obtain board and good rooms; also day boarders can be accommodated at 394 Second street, between Gayoso and Beal. je20 tf

BOARDING—

Furnished rooms, with good board, can be had at reasonable rates at No. 108 Monroe street. Also a few day boarders can be accommodated. je19 tf

SELECT and cheap BOARDING

A FEW DESIRABLE ROOMS, either furnished or unfurnished, to rent, with board, to either gentlemen or families, convenient to business, within one square of Court square, and at the most reasonable rates, at No. 306 Second street, near Madison. Day boarding, $5 per week; boarding and lodging, $8 per week. je21 tf

WANTS.

WANTED—

To rent—a House, with 6 or 8 rooms, suitable for a family residence, within short distance of Court Square. Address this office, au28 tf W. J. L.

WANTED—

Wanted as partner in the Dry Goods and Produce Business at McNutt, Sunflower county, Miss., a young man of moral, sober, industrious business habits, with a cash capital of three thousand dollars, to equal the other interest. McNutt is a good point for a cash business of ($10,000 to $12,000) ten to twelve thousand dollars sales annually, with a flattering prospect of the business increasing every year. I have a good storehouse, and the only stand in the place. Immediate application is desired. Address, THOS. E. NELSON, au22 2w McNutt, Miss.

WANTED—

A situation as Salesman in a Dry Goods House in this city, by a young man who has an extensive acquaintance in North Mississippi. Best of references can be given, if required. Address P., care Capt. W. B. Stratton, 235½ Main street. au22 1w

WANTED.

A SITUATION, at a moderate salary, by an experienced BOOK-KEEPER. Address A. L., lock-box 39

WANTED—

AGENTS—To introduce our new patent STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Price $25. It uses two threads, and makes the genuine LOCK STITCH. All other low priced machines make the CHAIN STITCH. Each agent furnished with a copy of Letters Patent. Exclusive territory given. Send for circulars. M. M. BEACH & CO.,

jy7 3m 294 Second st., Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED—THE PATENT,

AURORA OIL.

We want men every where to study their own INTEREST. The right to manufacture and sell the Patent Aurora Oil in a single county will make more money to the purchaser in three months than the largest farm in your State will make in a whole year. The Aurora Oil actually costs less than one-half the price of Coal Oil, and the illuminating power of the Aurora Oil is as much superior to the Coal Oil as the Coal Oil is to a tallow candle, and is NO MORE explosive than a tallow candle. Any Lamp that will burn Coal Oil will burn the Aurora Oil. It does not smoke the chimney—it does not smell—it will not grease or stain the finest linen—not even white cloth. The material for its manufacture is inexhaustible. One man can make seventy-five barrels per day. No machinery required. We will pay your fare to and from the city of Memphis and bills while here, if we cannot prove all, and even more, than we have stated. A single county is a small fortune to the man of enterprise, and the right to a State is untold wealth.

For further information, call on or address H. C. Dewitt & Co.,

24 Madison street, corner Main, jy19 Memphis, Tenn.

REWARDS.

$10 REWARD—

Will be paid for the recovery of a black and tan TERRIER DOG strayed or stolen from my premises, No. 81 Adams street, Saturday evening. He has long tail and ears, and answers to the name of "Tip."

au28 1w W. S. PICKETT.

$25 REWARD—

Strayed or stolen from my place, on Horn Lake Creek, one BAY MARE MULE, about 15 or 14 hands high, has a scar on left hip. The above reward will be paid to any one delivering the Mule to the farm, or to me at 265 Main street. au28 2w W. BENDER.

LOST--FOUND.

TAKEN UP—

A SORREL MULE, which the owner can have by proving property and paying expenses. W. BENDER,

au28 1w 265 Main street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—

The STOREHOUSE, No. 28 Main street. Apply on the premises. EASTLAND & GILBERT.

au25 1w

FOR LEASE—On ten years' time—Lot 125 by 165½ feet—One of the most elegant pieces of unimproved Residence Property in the city, in the immediate neighborhood of the fine residences of Mr. H. Wade, Mrs. Greenlaw, Mr. Farnsworth and others, south side Jessamine street, within 240 feet of Lauderdale and the Beal street railroad. Terms low.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,

ua21 1w No. 276 Second street.

WANTED TO RENT—

A good BUSINESS HOUSE on Main street, between Union and Adams. KENNY & PORTER,

au17 tf No. 2 Kit Williams Block.

FOR RENT—

TWO OFFICES, formerly occupied by the Metropolitan Police Commissioners, No. 17 Madison street. Inquire at Police office, 4½ Madison street.

Memphis, June 10, 1867. je11 tf

FOR RENT—

STORES and OFFICES in Bethell's New Building, on the corner of Main and South Court streets. Apply in the building to P. C. BETHELL, or S. P. WALKER, Jr., in rooms No. 1 and 2. my24 tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

A NEW AND WELL BUILT STEAMBOAT, light draught (drawing only fourteen inches, with a day's supply of coal on board), now in the trade on the Ohio, between Big Sandy and Portsmouth, will be sold at low figures.

For particulars address N. N., lock-box 313 Cincinnati, O., or SCHOOLFIELD & HANAUER,

au20 1m Memphis, Tenn.

FOR SALE—

A good Second-hand BUGGY and HARNESS (little used) will be sold cheap. Apply to Taylor, Gay & Rutland, 304 Front street, or au23 tf W. S. BRUCE & CO., Monroe street.

Piano for Sale.

A FINE KNABE PIANO, 7-octave, nearly new, cost over $500, for sale at a bargain. Part cash and part time. Apply to N. E., Appeal office. au8 tf

FOR SALE—

A light one-horse ROCKAWAY, in good order. Apply to A. L. Cummins, 220 Front.

au8 1w

FOR SALE—

One 12-Horse Stationary Engine and Boiler, nearly new, for sale cheap.

LUNN & MALLON, jy25 1m 204 Main street.

Land For Sale.

AN undivided one-half interest in 50,000 acres of Red river bottom land, in Lafayette and Sevier counties, Arkansas.

This interest, the title to which is perfect, will be sold at a low figure, for one-third cash and the remainder at one and two years, without interest.

Also, 3200 acres of magnificent Arkansas river bottom land, five miles overflow, being the finest body of land in the State, in Crawford county, Arkansas.

These lands will be sold together or in parcels, for cash.

Apply to PIKE & ADAMS, Attorneys at Law, mh3-tf 293 Main street, Memphis

NOTICES.

Three-fourths of the Profits Returned to the Policy Holders in the

Georgia Home Insurance Co.,

OF COLUMBUS, GA.

[INCORPORATED 1859.]

Cash Capital and Surplus, - - $400,000

LIBERAL CONDITIONS—EQUITABLE Rates, and Prompt Settlements. Parties insuring in this company will get that portion of profits in Scrip, which will be taken at par value on renewal.

MOORE & WEST, Agents, 22½ Madison street.

NOTICE.

HAVING returned to Memphis I take this method to inform all those that I am now ready to resume my labors. Orders left at either of the music stores will meet with prompt attention. A. SHIBE.

au22 2w

Notice.

I WILL sell my lower Plantation in Tunica county, or exchange it for other good property, or lease it for the next year for a series of years. It is one of the highest and best in the bottom, about 40 miles below Memphis.

jy19 1f A. WRIGHT.

NOTICE.

MY wife, Pollie L. Davis, having left my bed and board without my consent, all persons are hereby notified not to credit her upon my account.

au24 1w6* JAMES B. DAVIS.

FASHIONABLE

BOOT AND SHOEMAKERS,

Linkhauer & Bro., Agents.

THIS well known firm is now located at 283½ second street, between South Court and Madison, opposite the Stillman Block. au17

Notice—To All Whom it may Concern.

MR. H. MYERS is no longer in our employ. No person is authorized to collect moneys or transact any business for us, unless constituted our agent by power of attorney. All remittances or communications relating to affairs of the late firm, H. Myers & Co., should be directed to us here.

A. & J. TROWBRIDGE & CO., Cincinnati, O. August 6, 1867. au13 1m6w

Planters and Merchants Attention.

Tobacco, Tobacco, Tobacco.

WE will forward to your address, upon receipt of your order enclosing the cash, the best brands of *Leaf* Tobacco at the following prices:

Best Bright Gold Leaf Chewing Tobacco, 75 cents per pound.

Best Bright Gold Leaf Smoking Tobacco, $1 00 per pound.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office---No. 13 Madison Street.

SATURDAY, : : : : : AUGUST 31, 1867

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Ohio Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Mail Express	8:00 p.m.	11:30 p.m.
Express	10:45 a.m.	4:00 p.m.

SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Express	10:30 p.m.	6:30 a.m
Mail	1:40 p.m.	6:10 p.m
Somerville Accommod'n, except Sundays	7:45 a.m.	3:40 p.m

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily	8:45 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Mail,	8:45 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Freight, daily (except Sunday),	5:45 p.m.	4:40 a.m.

To commence Wednesday, Jun. 19th

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.

C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't. my4

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities north and west, at 3:15 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 5:30 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 4 p.m.

All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 3:30 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads at 4 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 8 a.m.

For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings on Arkansas and White rivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly), Mondays and Fridays.

R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

TO THE PATRONS OF THE APPEAL. Subscribers are requested to report any irregularities in the delivery of the APPEAL at the counting room. Carriers will be furnished weekly with certificates authorizing them to collect subscriptions.

ED MANSFORD, Supt. of Circulation.

IMPORTANT SALE OF REAL ESTATE. Fine House and Farm for Little Money! At 1 o'clock to-day, Saturday 31st, there will be sold at public auction, at the courthouse door, by clerk and master of chancery court of Memphis, 108 acres of beautiful land, suitable for residences and farming, located at Wells' Station; on the Memphis and Ohio railroad, seven miles from Memphis. The projected horse railroad from Raleigh to Wells runs by this place. It also includes a private switch at Wells' station. Twenty-five acres in cultivation with outhouses, etc. Title good. Terms, one-fourth cash, balance in six, twelve and eighteen months. Sale without reservation.

THE PICTURE.—At the Fenian picnic, on Thursday, a raffle for a splendid picture, illustrative of the "Seige of Limerick," came off at the grounds. It was won by Miss M. Breen, of north Memphis, a worthy and beautiful young lady, amid much applause.

PROPERTY RECOVERED.—One detective of the police force has had what might be termed a streak of good luck during the past two days, having recovered various articles of stolen property, amounting to about fifteen hundred dollars, all of which has been returned to the owners. Keep on in your work, Curly.

SAD NEWS.—In another column will be found the announcement of the death of Mrs. C. L. Ward, wife of Dr. R. D. L. Ward, of this city. The remains are expected to arrive on Monday or Tuesday, when the funeral ceremonies will take place, due notice of which will be given.

BLIND OF AN EYE.—A negro named Ed. Wilson, who is blind of an eye, wanted to see double, and confiscated a pair of spectacles—the property of one of his white fellow-citizens. Complaint was made to the police, and Detective Connell lodged Edward in the Adams street prison to await an examination before a J. P.

BALKED.—Two vagabonds attempted to effect an entrance into the grocery of Mr. Jerry Woods on the Raleigh road, near daylight yesterday morning, but were driven off by Mr. W. and a neighbor, who was aroused by the noise. They were pursued, but not caught. This vicinity seems to be alive with robbers and midnight assassins.

THE RACKENSACK.—Mart Walt & Co., it will be seen, are among the agents of the low water steamer Ozark, which leaves this port for Arkansas river on Tuesday next. The Ozark is swift, very light draft, and under the careful management of Capt. Bill Nowland, will be seen to go through all O. K. She goes promptly on Tuesday and has nearly all her freight engaged.

HOUSE ROBBERY.—While the family of Mr. John Lang, No. 60 Exchange street, were at supper on Thursday night, some thieves entered the house and carried off a ladies' work box and a quantity of children's clothing, valued at about twenty dollars. So quietly was the theft committed, that the family knew nothing of it at the time. A liberal reward has been offered for the return of the box.

SIMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson street, and 393 Main street, have received the New York Ledger, Chimney Corner, Literary Album, Boston Pilot, Banner of Light, Sunday Times, New York Clipper, Metropolitan Record, Irish People, Irish American, Freeman's Journal, Turf, Field and Farm, Criminal Zeitung, Lady's Friend and Godey's Lady's Book, and Frank Leslie, all for September; London Art Journal for August, and dailies from everywhere.

COUNTERFEIT STAMPS.—The business of passing counterfeit stamps bearing Mr. Spinner's autograph has been exceedingly dull of late, but is practiced occasionally yet. A negro calling himself Austin Collins, was arrested yesterday, charged with attempting to pass a bogus twenty dollar William on Mr. M. Lyon, a merchant on Front street. The doubtful to the extent of twenty more was found upon his person. He was locked up and will have a hearing before the clerical commissioner this morning.

COTTON THIEVES ABROAD.—Horse thieving has not been very profitable of late, and some of the thieving fraternity have turned their attention to stealing cotton from the country. A bale of the staple was stolen from the plantation of Mr. T. T. Goulsby, about sixteen miles from this city. It was traced to Raleigh, and it is thought was brought to this city. A negro was seen in the vicinity, late that evening, who is suspected of the theft. A description of the property and supposed thief has been given to the police, and it is to be hoped that the guilty party will be arrested ere long, and the property returned to its rightful owner.

THE LATE MURDER OF DR. RAMSEY. Up to the time of our going to press this morning no new developments had occurred in reference to the murder of Dr. Frank Ramsey. The police detectives, under the direction of Col. Beaumont, seem to be hard at work, and it is believed they have several clues which they are endeavoring to work up. We state, on the most reliable authority, that nothing tangible as to the murderers has as yet come to the knowledge of the authorities. The suppositions and rumors published in some of our city papers (in our opinion), not only do no good but serve to keep the public mind excited in reference to this "murder most foul."

A CORRECTION.—We accept the apology of our Iowa friend, and hope others of the fraternity will not be backward in correcting false rumors in reference to the health of Memphis:

"*Reports.*—Mr. S. Curry, who has been a resident of this city for the past fifteen years, now doing business in Memphis, Tenn., informs us that the reports about cholera in that city are idle rumors, and set without the shadow of truth. Being well acquainted, and coming direct from there, his statements can be

DARING THEFT FROM THE PERSON. On Thursday evening a well-known physician visited the residence of a friend on Shelby street, and feeling greatly fatigued fell asleep on a lounge in the parlor. The wife of his friend was sitting in the room engaged in reading, when two well dressed strangers called and asked to see the lady on business. One of the individuals engaged the lady in conversation, and the other bent over the sleeping medico as if to see who he was, and adroitly abstracted a valuable watch and chain from his person without either awakening him or being perceived by the lady, who thought him some acquaintance of the sleeper. The thief and his friend departed unsuspected by the lady, and it was not until he reached his house that the doctor missed his timekeeper. He was hurriedly called to see a patient in Chelsea, and quite two hours elapsed before he could make his loss known at police headquarters, where he found Col. Beaumont, and Serg't Pemeck, Officer F. Wright and Detective Curley McCune were at once instructed to work up the case, which they did so effectually that in one hour's time both the light fingered gentry were confronted with their victim. One was arrested quietly in bed at the Overton hotel, and from him was ascertained the whereabouts of his confrere, who was enjoying the pleasures of the Varieties theater. No clue was in possession of the officers except the seemingly unimportant fact that one of the visitors inquired the way to the Overton, when leaving the house on Shelby street, and the lady had chanced to observe his dress somewhat critically. The doctor promised not to prosecute if his watch was restored, and thereupon it was returned through the instrumentality of the pickpocket, who had confided it to a friend, for whom he was permitted to search in company with an officer. Great credit is due, certainly, to the police for their prompt and effectual action, about which the M. D. is quite enthusiastic.

DISGUSTING.—To see a man drunk is bad enough at all times, but when the gentler sex, no matter what may be their standing, so far forget themselves as to bow to the "God Bourbon," it becomes to all right-thinking and moral people disgusting in the first degree. A case came under our immediate notice last night, to-wit: In passing along Main street, near the corner of Main and Jefferson, a crowd was collected. On inquiring the cause of the assembly, we ascertained that a young girl, apparently about nineteen years of age, was lying on the pavement in a helpless state of intoxication. She had been there for over half an hour, and no policeman came that way. She was sufficiently aroused from her drunken lethargy to indicate the locality of her residence, when two gentlemen, who were present, volunteered to see her home, thus saving the police (who were not on hand) the trouble, and the city the expense of drayage. At a future day we propose to urge upon our people the establishment of a Mary Magdalene asylum.

CAPTURED.—The house of Mrs. Martin, on Second street, in the rear of Dr. Hoerner's drug store, at the corner of Beal and Second streets, was entered yesterday morning about one o'clock and robbed of a trunk and clothing valued at about sixty dollars, belonging to Mr. L. Mayer. Officers F. Wright and Kaiser, who were on duty on their beat in that vicinity, were on the alert and succeeded in capturing the burglar and recovering the property. The thief proved to be a colored fellow about eighteen years of age, named Stephen Funchett. He was taken to the Causey-street station house. About two weeks ago, the same room was robbed of a number of articles belonging to the same gentleman—among others, a pair of boots. When Stephens was arrested yesterday morning he had on the boots stolen at the time, showing that this was his second visit to the house on a thieving mission.

THE MATHIAN ASSOCIATION.—The grand performance for the benefit of this association came off at the Greenlaw opera hall last night. The audience was not very large, but was comprised of our best citizens, both young and old. Owing to indisposition Col. Gantt did not deliver the opening address. This was much regretted by the audience, but was one of those occurrences which could not possibly be overcome. The songs, tableaux and drama by the amateurs were well rendered, and repeatedly applauded. The want of space—not inclination—precludes a more extended notice. Suffice it to say that all engaged used their utmost endeavors to fill the bill. The members of the association appeared adorned with their regalia, which is rich and at the same time appropriate.

ATTEMPT TO ROB A HOTEL.—About three o'clock yesterday morning the inmates in the front rooms of the Allen house, on the corner of Washington and Second streets, were aroused by some noise on the outside. Upon investigation, it was found that two negroes and one white man had placed a ladder against the parlor window, and were about to enter, when they were frightened by noise from the inside. From what they left, it appears they were well provided with ropes and burglars' tools. The ladder was left standing. It is a new one, apparently, never having been used. It does, indeed, seem strange that, at such an early hour in the morning, a most daring attempt of this kind should be made, in a public street, almost within sight of a police station, and still there have been no arrests. The robbers must be very bold, and the police alike inefficient in that quarter.

FAST TIME.—By information received yesterday, we learn that the Great Western Dispatch and Cotton Express Line transport freight in seven days from New York to Memphis, or vice versa. The clever agent at this point, Enoch Taylor, Esq., whose office is 304 Front street, will give any further information required. This line has always given the most entire satisfaction, and it will doubtless acquit itself in the future as in the past.

DAYLIGHT GAMBLING.—Any citizen passing down Main street yesterday afternoon might have seen four knights of the whip engaged in a social game of cards in a hack, near Jefferson. This *may be all right*, but it was very repugnant to citizens who object to the use of the paste-boards, and know that such practices are contrary to law. Why these are thus permitted by the police, in open daylight, seems very strange.

A FRANTIC MULE.—One of the long-eared species not having a particular fancy for standing still with a dray, to which he was attached, ran, and was brought up by an awning post, between Union and Gayoso, which was broken by the blow. A lady and child passing, had a narrow escape from serious injury by the fall.

GAYOSO GAS COMPANY.—This company, of which John Donovan, Esq., is president, are working energetically. As an evidence of this fact, it may be stated that one hundred tons of the new gas pipe arrived yesterday morning. The work of laying the same will commence immediately.

PERSONAL.—The worthy and efficient postmaster of this city, Col. Gist, has returned, and may be found at his post, as usual.

A Hitzfield, Esq., has also returned from a pleasure and business trip north.

Col. Q. K. Underwood, of the Helena *Shield*, is in the city, putting up at the Worsham house.

HABEAS CORPUS.—James Lynch, one of the men arrested a few days since, on charge of robbery, was brought before Judge Hunter yesterday, on a writ of habeas corpus. The evidence for the prosecution not being ready, the further hearing of the case was postponed till Monday, at 3 p.m. In the meantime

THE COURTS.

LAW COURT.—The long list of cases published on yesterday was disposed of. The greater number of the cases were continued over to next term. To-day being motion day no cases will be called up for trial. The roll of attorneys will be called by the clerk as usual.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—Stands adjourned until Monday next.

TRANSFER OF REAL ESTATE.—Peter Maeguet to C. F. Kirchner, deed $3000, part of the Flippen tract, south of Fort Pickering, lots Nos. 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29; E. B. Webber et ux. to Nathan Coronna, trust deed to secure $2000, 300 feet, lot in Bagly subdivision; Greenewald & Labe to W. N. Brown, deed $3000, part of lot No. 182, 37 3-12 feet on Overton street by 60 feet on Main street, being lot No. 46.

DOING BUSINESS WITHOUT LICENSE. The names of about two hundred persons, charged with doing business without license, have been put in the hands of the police, and many are arrested daily. Just so soon as a man's license expires he goes his name and number to the police, and he is immediately arrested and caused to put up a forfeit for his appearance. It occurs to us that some little notice should be given to delinquents, as the fact that their licenses had expired might, in the multiplicity of business, slip their memory. "There is reason in all things," even in the collection of taxes.

POLICE MATTERS.—Matters at the first district yesterday morning were lively. A number of keepers and inmates of houses of ill-fame were up, and paid the tax. The sum of two hundred and sixty dollars was collected, and several cases turned over to the state.

EXCURSION TO LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN. In order to afford our citizens the opportunity of visiting Lookout Mountain, the Memphis and Charleston railroad will issue excursion tickets, commencing September 7th, from Memphis and all stations on the railroad, to Chattanooga and return, for fare one way. Tickets good during the month of September, allowing the excursionists to lay over at any points on the line, and return within that period. Fare from Memphis to Chattanooga and return, $17; omnibus fare from Chattanooga to the top of the Mountain and return, $2. The grand gathering of parties from Nashville, Knoxville, Atlanta, etc., will be on top of Lookout Mountain on the 11th and 12th of September, and the train from Memphis for that occasion will leave there at 6 o'clock on the evening of the 10th.

Shake No More.—"Hesperian Pills are the sure cure for Ague." They cure immediately, are pleasant to take, and the best is, they never fail to cure—even the worst cases. Price only $1 at the drug stores.

Georgia State Lottery, for the benefit of the Masonic Orphans' Home. Combination Class No. 89. The following are the drawn numbers, August 30, 1867:

14-70—59-1-17—16—75—26-37—13-6-3—55

FAY & CHANDLER, General Agents, No. 267 Main street, Memphis.

Auction Sale of Unclaimed Goods. This morning at 10 o'clock, at the Auction rooms of W. H. Passmore & Co., will be sold to the highest bidder, for cash, a large assortment of unclaimed Goods and Merchandise from the warehouse of Wright & Wilcox.

"While there is Life there is Hope!" Some of the most dreadful and stubborn diseases of the Lungs ever known, have been promptly and entirely cured by *Dr. C. Williams' Pulmonic Balsam of Wild Cherry and Wood Naptha*, after the most skillful Physicians and every known remedy had failed. We therefore say, "*While there is Life there is Hope*," if you use this new and popular remedy. See long advertisement in another column. au30 tf.

MEMPHIS, TENN., August 26, 1867.

Received of the Planters' Insurance Company of this city Four Thousand Dollars, being full payment of loss covered by Policy No. 724. I take great pleasure in stating that this Company has honorably and liberally adjusted my loss, and promptly paid my claim; and I cordially recommend this reliable Home Institution to all desiring Insurance as every way worthy of patronage. Insure in the Planters, and I will guarantee that you will promptly get your money, and at the same time aid in encouraging a Solvent Southern Institution, whose stocks are owned and controlled by our most thorough and reliable business men, whose interests are identified with us.

au27 1m J. B. MORRIS.

ATTENTION DISTILLERS.—New Stills built to order and Second Hand Stills for sale at Hollenberg & Oertel's Coppersmiths and Sheet iron Workers, No. 346 Second street. Steamboat work promptly attended to. jy5 dawtf

Owing to the non-completion of our house on the 20th, we are compelled to continue at 213 Main street, until the 1st of September, when we will positively move. We therefore still offer the balance of our stock lower than ever.

M. KRAUS & CO., au21 tf 213 Main street.

North American.—H. P. Butler, Esq., the popular agent of the North American Life Insurance company, left last night by the Memphis and Ohio railroad, on a brief trip north, to recruit. We hope to see our friend return ere long much improved. During his absence, Capt. P. H. Johnson will attend to the wants of the patrons of the office. au14 tf

Memphis and Mound City Ferry Packet.

PEOSTA.....M. R. CREEK, Master.

LEAVES the Landing, foot of Adams street, at 8½ and 11 o'clock a.m., and 4 and 9½ p.m. Mound City at 9 and 9 o'clock a.m., and 2 and 5 o'clock p.m.

NO GIFT ENTERPRISE

Or any other Swindle!

MISSOURI AND KENTUCKY STATE AND HAVANA LOTTERIES.

ONLY LEGAL LOTTERIES IN U. S.

THEY are drawn under State Charters; have been drawn for over FORTY YEARS. Bonds must be and are deposited with U. S. Collector as Security.

The prizes are drawn in public by two sworn Commissioners appointed by the State.

Must be drawn if tickets are sold or not.

PRIZES ALL CASH.

There are two State Drawings each day, and two Havana Drawings each month.

Drawings can be seen two hours after purchase of tickets.

One-half the Tickets are Prizes.

Prizes paid on day of purchase.

Tickets $1 to $20, according to Scheme.

Prizes $1 to $100,000, according to Scheme.

Principal Agent, GEO. W. VAN VOAST, No. 0 J efferson street.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

WHOLESALE CROCERS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 266 Front St., Memphis.

JNO. S. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. F. M. MAHAN.

STRICT attention paid to the STORAGE AND SALE OF COTTON, and instructions regarding same strictly obeyed. Our facilities for the handling of Cotton are unsurpassed, and we invite especial attention to this branch of our business, feeling sure of pleasing, and to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage.

☞ All shipments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, unless otherwise instructed.

Our stock of BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES and PLANTATION SUPPLIES generally will always be found full and complete, and offered on as good terms as can be had in this market.

Thankful to our numerous patrons for

UNDERTAKERS.

J. C. HOLST & CO.,

UNDERTAKERS

At the Old Stand,

NO. 320 MAIN STREET

aul4 MEMPHIS, TENN.

J. FLAHERTY

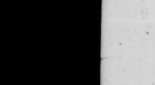
C. D. FLAHERTY, WITH F. WESCHE.

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE.

MANUFACTURE all kinds of Furniture for the trade at their Factory on VANCE STREET. Keep on hand a large assortment of Furniture, and at reasonable rates. Also,



General Undertakers and Dealers in Metallic and Wooden Coffins.

☞ Prompt attention paid to Undertaking at all times.

No. 37 Union Street, Memphis, Tenn.

OWEN SMITH,

UNDERTAKER,

—DEALER IN—

METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS,

And Manufactures of WOODEN and ROSEWOOD COFFINS, of all kinds,

No. 388 Second St., N. E. cor Gayoso St.

☞ All Orders for Undertaking promptly attended to.

☞ No. 1 Carriages always on hand to let for family use.

J. B. McCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS.

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS

GENERAL

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

No. 317 Second Street,

Near Monroe,

Memphis, - - Tennessee.

METALIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. my24

W. R. SMITH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

METALIC BURIAL CASES AND CASKETS,

No. 70 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.

UNDERTAKERS in the cities and towns contiguous to Memphis will always find at this establishment all styles of articles in this line, in as great variety as can be found in the city, and

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

my17

CONFECTIONERIES.

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKE PLEASURE in informing the public, and especially the Ladies, that their Spacious and Magnificent Saloon (the largest and finest in the city), IN NICHOL'S BLOCK, We will furnish

ICE CREAM, SODA WATERS, SHERBERT, CONFECTIONERIES, PASTRIES,

And all the VARIOUS LUXURIES and DELICACIES OF THE SEASON, and shall spare no pains to make our establishment the most delightful resort in the city.

We shall continue to

MANUFACTURE PURE CANDIES,

in all their variety—furnished fresh, daily, to the City or Country Trade, in any desirable quantity, at Low Rates.

Wedding Cakes, Pyramids, Vases,

and all descriptions of PASTRIES made to order, by able and skilled Confectioners.

L. ROCCO & CO.,

290 and 292 Second Street,

je4 tf Corner of Madison.

SPECHT'S CONFECTIONARY REOPENED!

Confectionary in Every Variety,

And all of the best quality, constantly on hand and for sale at prices to suit the times.

A LARGE LOT OF TOYS.

WINES AND CHAMPAGNES

Of superior vintage.

WEDDINGS AND PARTIES

Supplied with every requisite, on short notice, as heretofore. mh17 tf

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

THURMOND, FOSTER & CO.,

TOBACCO FACTORS

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Under Greenlaw Opera House,

345 Second street.

my26 Memphis, Tenn.

Western and Virginia Tobacco Agency.

MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.,

IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco, Pipes, and the largest stock of Smokers' Articles in the South, Corner Second and Jefferson streets, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn. je15

W. W. STILES,

No. 4 Hutchins' House,

HOUSTON, TEXAS,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT

—AND—

Produce Broker.

OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO HIS FRIENDS in Texas and elsewhere upon the only safe plan, an

Exclusive Cash Basis.

☞ Particular attention paid to SALES OF REAL ESTATE, and proceeds deposited in Bank or drafts on New York remitted either or Express, as directed.

se18 tf

R. O. BRADLEY,

Dealer in all kinds of

Bogle's Wagon Harness Etc.

CARRIAGES. ROCKAWAYS.

377 Jackson Block) Main Street.

da w

TO MY OLD FRIENDS

—IN—

West Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas.

HAVING accepted a permanent Agency of the ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, I would invite the attention of my old friends to that Institution as a safe, certain and reliable medium through which they may assure their families against want in the event of death, or themselves from an impoverished old age in case of ill-success in life.

Mr. N. S. OTIS is associated with me and is hereby recommended to public confidence. Our office is at No. 42 Madison street, (rear room) Jeffries Block, where we will be happy to impart any needed information to those desiring Life Insurance.

J. H. McMAHON.

LOTTERIES.

GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY,

For the Benefit of

"The Masonic Orphans' Home."

W. W. BOYD, Deputy Grand Master,

Principal Manager.

ESTABLISHED by Act of Legislature of Georgia, passed Dec. 14, 1865. The whole profits devoted to the

Relief of the Widows and Orphans.

Single Number Scheme, or Royal Havana,

DRAWN MONTHLY.

Prizes Payable Without Discount.

Combination or Three Number Scheme.

DRAWN DAILY.

Prizes, $5000 to $1 00.

Single Tickets, $1 00. Packages, $26 00. Discount on Prizes 15 per cent.

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEME.

Drawn Daily.

Numbers Selected by Purchaser. Prizes, according to amount, paid.

No Discount on Prizes.

☞ All Prizes Cashed at this Office.

FAY & CHANDLER.

287 Main street, 16 Jefferson street, Key Box 276 P. O., General Agents, Memphis, Tennessee.

N. B.—The public are respectfully invited to call on the General Agents for Tennessee at their office as above, where they will receive full particulars respecting this noble charity.

SECOND DRAWING

—OF THE—

Southern Asylum

LAND COMPANY,

TO TAKE PLACE AT

HERNANDO, MISS.,

AUGUST, 1867.

THE First Drawing, which took place at Hernando, Miss., on the 15th inst., was attended with unusual success, when it is remembered that but a few weeks elapsed from the inception of the enterprise to that event. $7500 worth of tickets having been sold, a like amount of property was drawn for, under the supervision of gentlemen selected by the ticket holders present. The utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed those present, and, as will be seen from the subjoined certificate of the Managers, the affair was conducted to a close in a most gratifying and satisfactory manner:

HERNANDO, MISS., June 15, 1867.

We hereby certify that the above report of the Second Drawing of the Southern Asylum is correct, and that the proceedings were characterized by a spirit of fairness and justness unsurpassed by any drawing of which we have any knowledge. The Managers of the Company placed the tickets and wheels under our sole management and control.

Signed: J. B. MORGAN,
ROBERT TEMPLE,
V. A. MERRIWETHER,
W. W. CAMPTON,
M. McGAVENY,
JOHN AINSLIE,
Committee.

J. M. HALL, Clerk.

The Prizes drawn on this occasion numbered Forty-seven, and comprised lots in the vicinity of Memphis, Tenn., Corinth, Miss., and Hernando, Miss., deeds to which have been made to the lucky ticket-holders. For this, the Second Drawing, however, we are able to offer our patrons still more attractive inducements to interest themselves in our scheme. From a lengthy list of property, much of which has already been advertised to the public, we select the following:

OUR LIST OF PRIZES.

The First and Capital Prize.

Col. M. C. Galloway's valuable residence, corner of Court and Third streets, Memphis, one block west from the center of the city, and in the vicinity of all the Federal, State and County offices. Lot 37½ feet front by 83½ deep. Valued at $20,000.

Second Prize.

A cottage residence of ten rooms, with lot 60x150 feet, in the city of Chicago, Ill., only three-quarters of a mile from the heart of the city, and within one block of the street railroad intersecting every part of the city. Valued at $8000.

Third Prize.

One residence lot adjoining above property, 25x100 feet; very available for residence and desirably located. Valued at $800.

Fourth Prize.

One residence lot adjoining above property, 25x100 feet. Valued at $800.

Fifth Prize.

One residence lot adjoining above, also 25x100 feet. Valued at $800.

Sixth Prize.

A most valuable manufacturing site with a perpetual fall of 37 feet of water, situated in Winston county, Alabama, with 102 acres of land. Valued at $10,000.

Seventh Prize.

The Franklin Female Institute, at Holly Springs, Miss.; a handsome and well constructed school building, most eligibly located. This is very desirable property. Valued at $8000.

Eighth Prize:

Lot No. 3, in Hays' sub-division, Memphis, size 50 feet front. A beautiful building lot. Valued at $2000.

Ninth Prize:

75½ acres of woodland near Raleigh, Shelby county, Tennessee, distant from Memphis nine miles. This is very desirable, and an excellent prize. Valued at $2000.

Tenth Prize:

Cottage Residence, 5 rooms; lot 120x170 feet on Borland avenue, near Memphis and Charleston railroad, near corporation line. Valued at $4000.

Tickets $5 each. May be had of, or ordered through any of the Company's agents, at the Central Agency, Memphis, Tenn., or of Col. James Strain, Hernando, Miss.

Stockholders and Officers of the Company are prohibited from purchasing or holding tickets in the drawings. The Company is simply the media for the purchase and sale of real estate between property holders and the general public. je25 lm

ELSONS' MAMMOTH CHEAP STORE!

The Balance of our Stock Must be Sold REGARDLESS OF COST!

AUCTION PRICES NOWHERE!

WE MUST HAVE ROOM FOR OUR FALL GOODS, and to effect that purpose we will continue our GREAT CLEARING SALE for

TWO WEEKS LONGER ONLY.

Rather than carry our Spring and Summer Goods over to next season, we prefer selling them now, even at a HEAVY LOSS.

We will guarantee our goods to be Lower in Price than ever before offered in this city.

Look at our prices before purchasing elsewhere. Remember for TWO WEEKS ONLY we offer:

Calico, fast color, 12½, 14 and 15 cents per yard.
Bleaching Muslins, 10 cents per yard.
Brown Domestics, 10 cents per yard.
White Jaconets, 15 cents per yard.
Cheek Muslins, 20 to 25 cents per yard.
Linen Handkerchiefs, $1 50 per dozen.
French whalebone Corsets, $1 25 per pair.
Ladies' Hose, 10 cents per pair.
Gents' half hose, 15 cents per pair.
Ladies' Parasols, 75 cents per pair.
Children's Hose, from 10 cents a pair upwards.
Embroideries, Trimmings, Buttons, Laces, etc., at HALF PRICE.
Marseilles Quilts, Crib Quilts, Sheetings, Towels, Napkins and Table Cloths at HALF PRICE.

Our Entire Stock is Bound to be Sold, Regardless of Cost.

Gents' White Shirts, from $1 25 to $2 50 each.
Gents' Fluted Bosom Shirts from $2 to $2 50 each.
Gents' Linen Coats from $2 to $3 each.
Gents' Linen Pants from $1 25 to $2 per pair.
Gents' Linen Vests from 75 cents to $1 25 each.
Gents' Fine Custom-made Calf Boots from $5 50 to $6 per pair, cheaper than they can be made for.
Boys' Boots from $1 10 to $2 50 per pair.
Pins, Thread, Hooks and Eyes, Needles, Buttons, and a great many other useful and ornamental articles on our

CHEAP TABLES,

AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

☞ Remember! Our Stock is bound to be sold, and if you want bargains give us a call.

ELSON BROS.,

jy14 1m **297 Main Street.**

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Trust Deed executed to me on the 11th day of July, 1867, by A. S. Myers, and now on file in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in book No. 245, pages 255, 256 and 257, for the purpose of securing the payment of the several notes therein mentioned, I will, on

Monday, the 2d day of September, 1867,

On the premises, in the city of Memphis, county of Shelby, State of Tennessee, expose to public sale and proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit: Eight Two-story Brick Store Houses, situated on the northwest corner of Second and Monroe streets, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, upon lot No. 245, running one hundred and forty-eight and a half feet on Monroe street, and seventy-four and a half feet on Second street. The land upon which the said houses are situated being the same leased by Mrs. Lee, of Nashville, Tennessee, to A. T. Norton et al for a term of ten years from May, 1858, and by A. T. Norton et al. transferred to A. Boyd & Co. and by C. Boyd & Co. to Isaacs, and by Isaacs to said A. S. Myers. Said buildings in front on Monroe street, the whole length of the lot to the alleyways, a distance of one hundred and forty-eight and a half feet, and run back on said leased land a distance forty-eight or fifty feet.

I will sell at the same time all the other improvements upon said leased tract or parcel of land.

The title to said property is believed to be good, but I will sell and convey only as Trustee.

Equity of redemption waived.

A. S. Myers, the grantor in this deed, has by his agreement of this date, waived the publication of twenty days notice, as required by the terms of said deed, and consents to the sale being made as above.

Sale between the hour of 10 and 2 o'clock.

WM. C. FOLKES, Trustee.

R. Van Brocklin, Auctioneer. au27 td

F. Glassick & Co.,

IMPORTERS, Manufacturers and Dealers in Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Gun Material for Gunmaker's use, Gun Implements, Sporting Apparatus, Fishing Tackle, etc., No. 350 Main street, under Odd Fellows' Hall, Memphis, Tenn.

Repairing done and warranted. mh9 3m

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

TO THE MOON.

[ALBERT PIKE.]

O quickly rise,
Thou lovely and most wondrous Moon!
Look into my sad eyes,
Ere sober Night too swiftly hies,
And bless me soon!

Here have I kept
Watching to see thine advent bright,
While others lay and slept,—
As I at other times have wept
For day's fresh light.

Here I have lain,
And eastward kept my anxious gaze,
But all thus far in vain:
No shower of light, like silver rain,
Shines through the haze.

The Evening Star
Has children me, saying "Get to bed!"—
She wanders yet afar,
Where the great Asian deserts are
Inhabited

"By Scythian hordes;
Or where the springs of Indus rise,
Or flash the fiery swords
Of dry Sahara's Arab lords;
Or where the skies

"Smile on the shores
Of Teneriffe or ruined Rome,
Or where the Danube roars,
Or tortured by Venetian oars
The Lagunes foam."

That Star has set
Behind the western hills; and thou
Hast not arisen yet,
Though all the silver stars are met
In heaven now.

She comes! She comes!
And all her silver stars grow pale,
As, swimming through grey glooms
The Queen of Light and Love illumes
Crag, hill and dale.

Now I can sleep,
If thou will but vouchsafe to shine
From heaven's abysses deep,
And pleasantly mine eyelids steep
In light divine.

The stars that peer,
Like timid children, from on high,
(Small pilots they, that steer
Their sparkling boats around the sphere)
Love not as I.

Adieu! adieu!
My heavy lids begin to close,
And from thy domain blue
Sleep's gentle and refreshing dew
Upon them flows.

Stay in thy flight!
In at my humble casement shine,
And bless with thy soft light,
O silver Nautilus of Night!
All that is mine.

1851.

PERSONAL.

Major-Gen. E. A. Hitchcock, United States volunteers, has been mustered out, to date from October 1st.

Maggie Mitchell made $16,000 last year.

Major J. H. Johnson, late private secretary of Mr. Stanton, has been mustered out of the volunteer service, under orders from Gen. Grant.

Paul Taylor, a one-armed negro, was hanged at Montgomery, Ala., on the 22d, for the murder of a peddler a year ago.

Jacob Scheer, of Chicago, was fatally injured by the explosion of a shot gun on Monday.

A valuable vein of coal was discovered last week, on the farm of Solon Longworthy, near Eldora, Iowa.

Treasurer Edington, of Lucas county, Iowa, said to be a defaulter to the amount of $208,000, has absconded for Europe.

Hon. John C. Whitehead, formerly judge of the supreme court of New Jersey, died at Morristown on Tuesday morning.

Henry T. Williams was arrested at Dubuque, Iowa, on Monday, charged with forgery.

Signor Mazzoleni has entered into a three years' engagement at the grand opera in Paris.

Congressman Windom, of Minnesota, has started on a tour of the southern states.

R. M. Daggett, of Virginia City, has been appointed clerk of the United States circuit and district courts for the district of Nevada.

Elizabeth Oakes Smith has been to see Bridget Dergan—now under sentence of death in New Jersey—and expresses her opinion that she was born without moral responsibility.

Albert G. Brown, Jr., of Boston, has been appointed reporter of Massachusetts superior court decisions, vice Chas. Allen, appointed attorney general.

Judge Poland, of Vermont, has issued an earnest appeal to his constituents of the second congressional district for contributions in aid of the south.

"Carl Benson" (Charles Astor Bristed) was married at Stockbridge, Mass., last week, to a daughter of the late Chas. Sedgwick, of Lenox, niece of the late Catherine M. Sedgwick.

John Birely, the veteran ship builder of Philadelphia, died suddenly August 22d, aged seventy-five years. He was appointed lieutenant in the navy by President Madison, in 1814, and subsequently a captain.

Capt. and Brevet Maj. Newton L. Dykeman, 34th U. S. Infantry, has resigned from the army, and will return to civil life in Iowa.

Among the rumors afloat in Washington, is one that Secretary McCulloch has accepted an offer from Jay Cooke & Co., to manage the new banking house they are about to open in London.

STATE ITEMS.

—A large broom factory is being erected at Edgefield, a Nashville suburb.

—The *Daily American Union* says of crops in that vicinity: It is most gratifying to hear the cheering accounts of rain and crops, from almost every part of our own and the surrounding districts. Hear and there we hear of a small spot where more rain would have been better, but the prospect, generally, for an abundant corn crop throughout this district has not been better for years, while the cotton is growing finely.

—The Jackson *Whig* of the 24th inst. says: We are most happy to inform our distant friends that the prospect is fine for large crops of cotton and corn all through this section, and the same may be said of West Tennessee generally. In Northern counties, where tobacco has heretofore been the leading product of the farmer, more cotton and less tobacco is being raised; so that, upon the whole, there will be a pretty heavy crop of cotton made in this division of the state. It is estimated by good judges that there will be 20,000 bales shipped from the depots of Jackson alone.

—The McMinnville *Enterprize* of the same date says: We have recently traveled through some eight or nine counties, and find the corn crop to be very promising. In some localities there is a want of timely rains, but nothing serious. The crop may be set down as a good one.

—The Knoxville *Whig* of the 28th inst., says of militia: Capt. Adkin's company of state guards passed through here on Thursday last on their way to their homes in Scott county, having been disbanded subject to the call of the governor. Capt. Murphy's company, which for sometime past has been stationed here, was paid off on Monday last by Paymaster Brooks, and disbanded, leaving for their homes on the evening of the same day.

—The new jail at Knoxville will be completed in a very few days. It is said to be stronger and better built than any similar building in the state.

—The negroes at Knoxville have flourishing churches of their own, both Methodist and Presbyterian faith, and are now trying to erect an Episcopal church edifice, it is said, with the sanction of Bishop Quintard.

—Gen. Scofield has decided that the Virginia poor laws shall be enforced now that the bureau has ceased serving rations to the destitute blacks. This will return many of that class now infesting the cities to the places from whence they came.

—News from Vancouver's island states that a proposition is being freely discussed in the British metropolis for the transfer of the island to the United States, in liquidation of the claims growing out of the depredations of the Alabama. This is worth the fetching.

—In the northern portion of the vast and ancient kingdom of China, large forests of the grease tree exist and flourish in all the exuberance of native wildness. They yield tallow equal to that obtained from beeves.

—One blueberry patch in Maine extends from Narraguagas river east a distance of twenty miles, and almost as far north and south. About 10,000 bushels were gathered here last year, realizing in the pickers from $25,000 to $30,000. This season the yield is not so large, the demand not so good, and prices are lower.

—An old farmer near Lynchburg, Va., has had a standing bet of $10 for thirty years past with one of his neighbors, that it would rain on the first Saturday in August each year. He has won twenty-seven times.

—A man by the name of W. H. Funk was so badly maltreated at a prayer meeting, five miles southeast of Warsaw, Ind., Sunday evening, that he died of the injuries he received. Some eight or ten persons were engaged in the affray. It is said to have been caused by an old grudge.

—The freedmen of the first and fourth Georgia congressional districts have issued an address, in which they take the ground that the right to vote carries with it the right to hold office, and that hereafter they will only vote for men of their own color.

—The losses by the conflagration of the Cincinnati railroad machine shop, at Lafayette, Ind., are now estimated at fully two hundred thousand dollars. Four locomotives and the best stationary engine in Indiana was destroyed.

—The cholera is ravaging the Indian country south of Kansas. Thirty-seven per cent. of the population of Fort Gibson have died, and sixty soldiers and seventy-five Indians at Fort Arbuckle have succumbed to the scourge.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, }
MEMPHIS, August 30, 1867. }

There was very little doing to-day in local money matters. Our banks and brokers offices were very quiet.

Gold opened in New York at 42¼. It went back to 42, and up to 42¼ again by noon. A few sales took place during the day at 42⅛. A round lot of $2000 was taken at 41¾.

In silver there is but little doing. Halves and quarters are bought at 31 to 32c for small lots.

City scrip is dull at 55c buying. Selling at 57c.

County warrants are dull and nominal at 65c buying. Selling at 70 to 75c.

Domestic exchange is about as we left it yesterday. The demand is light while offerings are fair. Rates between bankers about $2 premium per $1000. Checking on western cities at ¼ premium, and on New York and Boston at ⅛ to ¼ premium. A few cotton bills are offered and taken at par to ¼ off.

Police scrip is in fair demand. Brokers buy from 74 to 75c, and sell at 77 to 80c. There is nothing doing in bonds or stocks.

The commissioner of internal revenue has made the following decisions:

"The wife of an alien is to be regarded as an alien herself, for the purpose of taxation, under the internal revenue laws, though she were a citizen prior to her marriage. If she resides abroad, the profits and income arising from stocks, etc., held for her by a trustee in this country, need not be returned for taxation. If she resides here, she is liable to the income tax imposed upon 'every person residing in the United States.'

"For the purpose of assessing the special tax upon the keeper of a hotel, inn, or tavern, the yearly rental is to be fixed and established by the assistant assessor of the proper assessment district, at its proper value; but if rented at not less than the actual rent agreed on by the parties, if the assistant assessor is of the opinion that the yearly rental value of the premises occupied for a hotel, inn, or tavern purposes, exceed the actual rent agreed on by the parties, he shall assess the tax according to his estimate of such value.

"If a commercial broker solicits an order and it is filled, there is a sale by the broker which should be included in his monthly return sale.

"Iron castings are liable to a tax of five per cent. upon their entire value, but the castings used in their manufacture are exempt from taxation as castings by that provision of section forty-nine.

S. H. TOBEY, President. ED. C. KIRK, Cashier.

MEMPHIS CITY SAVINGS INSTITUTION

DEALERS IN

Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Uncurrent Money, Stocks, Bonds, Land Warrants, Police, City and County Scrip, Etc., Etc.

No 16 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : : TENN.

TENNESSEE.	Buying Rate
Bank of Tennessee	30
" Chattanooga	10
" Middle Tennessee	60
City Bank	60
Merchant's Bank	85
Eastern Bank	90
Ocoee "	50
Planters' "	98
Union "	90
Shelbyville "	80
Southern "	95
Traders' "	95
ALABAMA.	
Bank of Mobile	90
" Montgomery	45
" Selma	20
Commercial Bank	12
Eastern Bank	42
Northern "	35
Central "	5
Southern "	95
NORTH CAROLINA.	
Bank of Cape Fear	22
" Charlotte	20
" Clarendon	10
" Commerce	12
" Fayetteville	7
" Cape Fear	10
" N. Carolina	40
" Wilmington	20
" Washington	10
" Wilmington	18
" Yadkinville	10
Commercial Bank	16
Farmers' B'k of N. C	20
Merchants' Bank	40
Miners & Planters' B'k	27
LAND WARRANTS.	
40 acres, war 1855	40
80 " "	80
120 " "	100
160 " "	140
160 " not "	130
M. & C. R. R. bonds	75
M. & C. R. R. coupons	80
M. & O. R. R. bonds	52
M. & O. R. R. coupons	52
Tenn. bonds, old	60
" " new	64
Tenn. coupons	70
Miss. C. R. R. 8's mtg'ge bonds	40
" " " coupons	50
Memp's City b'nds	45
" " coupons	50

GEORGIA.	Buying Rate
Augusta, R. R. & Co	50
Bank of Augusta	60
" Athens	40
" Columbus	60
" Commerce	4
" Fulton	40
" Tybee State	30
" Middle Ga	80
" Savannah	35
State Bank	60
Central R. R. & B'k Co	80
City Bank of Augusta	25
Fi'mrs & M'ch'cs	30
Ga. R. R. & B'k Co	80
Marine Bank	30
Mrch'ts & Pl'rs B'k	5
Planters' Bank	12
Union Bank	60
Mechanic's Bank	2
Man'fact'rs "	12
SOUTH CAROLINA.	
Bank of Camden	25
" Charleston	70
" Chester	1
" Georgetown	12
" Hamburg	60
" Newbury	30
" S. Carolina	7
" State, old	5
" State, new	5
Commercial Bank	45
Exchange Bank	10
Fi'mrs & Exch'ge	1
Merchants' Bank	40
People's Bank	40
Planters' "	6
Plant'rs & M'ch'cs B'k	30
South W. R. R	22
State Bank	3
Union "	60
FOREIGN EXCHANGE.	
Draft on England, Ireland and Scotland, £ for 1 lb. sterling	9
France, Switzerland & Belgium, 5 50 francs for $1 00	
GERMANY.	
Bremen $1.15 for 1 gold thaler	
Berlin, $1.07 for 1 Prussian thaler	
Frankfort, 68½c for 1 guilder	
Bremen, 41½c for one riexdaler	

The cotton market was dull to-day and sales light. Few holders show a disposition to press the market, and factors say the offerings were much lighter than usual. The Liverpool market has declined during the day, but the dispatches were late in arriving, so that they had little effect on the days quotations. The New York market, however, went down in sympathy with that of Liverpool, and altogether the tone of the eastern markets is not favorable. Receipts since yesterday, 42 bales. Shipments, 290 bales. By count it is ascertained that the actual stock on hand this evening is 1021 bales. We quote a dull and drooping market:

Inferior	15 @17
Ordinary	19 @20
Good Ordinary	21½@22
Low Middling	24 @25
Middling	27 @28
Strict Middling	28½@29
Good Middling	29 @—

The market was not active to day, and were it not for the arrival of supplies from above there would have been very little life to report. The receipts, however, have added very materially to stocks, and many of our houses are quite busy in marking, arranging, etc. Corn is scarce and firm at $1 15 to $1 20, but the demand is very light. Meal is higher and held at $5 50 to $5 75 in bags, and $6 in store. Oats are in light demand and firm at 70 to 72c from store—none on levee. Hay is in large supply and offering freely at $20 for prime timothy. Bran is dull at $17 to $18 in store. India bagging, 24c; Kentucky power loom, 28c; hand, 26 to 27c; machine rope, 12 to 13c. Potatoes are not plentiful; selling at $3 75 to $4 50. Onions, scarce $4 to $5. Apples are in light supply and held at $3 to $4, as to condition. Choice to fancy, $5 to $6; common, 12 to 25c. Chickens, are scarce —young, $5 to $5 50; old, $6 75 to $7. Coffee, rio, 25 to 27½c. Eggs scarce at 24 to 25c. Flour, dull, fine, $6 50 to $7; X, $9 to $10; XX, $10 50 to $11; XXX, $12 50 to $13; fancy brands, $13 50 to $14. Lard in tierces, 14 to 15c; kegs, 14½ to 15c. Mess pork, $26 to $26 25; mess beef, $16 50; clear sides, 17½ to 17¾c; shoulders, 13¼ to 14c; canvassed hams, 18 to 20c; sugar cured, 21 to 23c. Salt, $3 25 per bbl. Sugar, 17 to 20c for crushed and clarified; 14 to 16c for powdered. Western Reserve cheese, 14 to 16c; factory, 15 to 16c. Whisky, common, $1 65 to $2.

The cotton crop of this country and the prospect is the subject of an editorial in the *New York Times*. It does not think that the crop reports from so many of our southern exchanges would lead us to expect—that in fact it will not be larger than last year, while the receipts will fall short of those of the season just closed. The principal reason for this opinion, says the *Times*, is attributed, to, is found in the deterioration of the open land, and the fact that there is no fresh land being added to the arable area. Then there is a withdrawal of labor for several reasons. There are comparatively few females or children employed in the field, and the freedmen prefer such employments as are consummated in less time and with more certainty than a cotton crop. Our information leads us to doubt whether the injury by cotton worm is so great as some alarmists suppose. The season has been so wet as to postpone the crop of worms, (the first installment has not seriously injured the crop), and it will be too far matured for the next generation of worms to injure it materially. Indeed, some planters say that the worm, by eating away the foliage, admits the sun to the later bolls, and so matures a large quantity of a portion of the crop which is ordinarily liable to frost. Our conclusion therefore is that the present crop will not materially differ in weight from that grown last year. It must be remembered, moreover, that there is very little of the old crops on hand, so that our exportable stock will neither in weight nor value equal that of last year.

An enumeration of the causes of diminished crops would be incomplete without reference to the withdrawal of northern capital and enterprise largely invested last year in cotton culture. There can be no doubt that this adventure has been too generally attended with disappointment to attract or retain interest when so many opportunities of investment are constantly presenting.

LIST OF CONSIGNEES PER MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD AT MEMPHIS, AUGUST 31, 1867.—Stratton, Goyer & Co., Toof, Phillips & Co., W. A. Gage, Cobb, Haynes & Co., Gaibreath, Stewart & Co., Ano. Duttinger, J. C. Mermore, Keel & Co., R. G. Craig & Co., Memphis APPEAL, J. W. Alley, Forrest & Co., Ransom & Co., E. Bryant, J. F. Frank & Co., A. J. White & Co.

Wagon and Carriage Material.

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Buggy wheels	$13 00@$15 00
Buggy wheels, Sarven's patent	— @ 18 00
Wagon wheels	— @ 8 00
Buggy hubs, perset	1 25@ 2 00
Wagon hubs, do	3 00@ 3 50
Buggy spokes, do	3 50@ 5 00
Wagon spokes, do	2 75@ 3 75
Best felloes, do	1 80@ —
Sawed felloes, do	1 50@ 3 75
Buggy shafts, per pair	— 65@ 90
Buggy poles, each	— 80@ —
Wagon singletrees and N. Yokes, doz	2 00@ 2 25
Buggy bandles, per dozen	2 00@ 2 50
Buggy beds, each	14 50@ 17 50

—The colored people of Knoxville have purchased a new cemetery, and are having it handsomely laid out.

—The Memphis *Avalanche* says that Capt. Sam. H. Shock, the well known passenger agent of this city, goes north to-day, as far as Louisville and St. Louis. We commend him to our friends. He will be easily recognized, as, since his return from Boston, he parts his hair in the middle, sports a cane, and wears eye glasses suspended from his neck.

—Commodore Nat. Green yesterday received a dispatch from DeBow, clerk of the Guidon, saying that steamer arrived at Omaha on the 29th, with two hundred and fifty passengers and a lot of treasure. She will leave St. Louis in a few days for this port, and go back in the Arkansas mail line, of which Capt. Nat. is superintendent.

—Somebody said "the Ohio was a sickly looking stream." "Yes," replied Hays, of the *Democrat*, "it is confined to its bed."

—The gay Rowena, with that very popular and efficient gentleman, Capt. John B. Davis, in command, will leave to-day at 5 p.m. for all points on White river. The Rowena connects at Devall's Bluff with the train for Little Rock, and will also take a large number of people to the grand tournament at Augusta. Those wishing to go will be taken at half fare, and will have an elegant time. Kidder and Harry are clerks, and Walters, the prince of caterers, will do his level best.

—The splendid City of Cairo, Capt. Bob Riley, is the regular St. Louis packet for to-day. She leaves at 5 p.m., and will make one of her usual fast runs. Mr. White is her clerk.

—The Rubicon, Capt. Wm. H. Blake, will leave for Vicksburg to-day at 5 p.m. Alf. Grieson is clerk.

RICHLAND, ARKANSAS COUNTY, ARK., August 25, 1867.

Capt. Dick: My trip to this Godforsaken section was a quick and pleasant one. The passenger list of the Celeste on leaving the port of Memphis consisted of but 50 souls, including the crew. But notwithstanding the absence of the usual quota of lady passengers, we had quite a jolly time. Capt. Ferd Hamilton, the present commander, in the absence of Capt. Pritchard, conducts affairs on board the Celeste in accordance with the most rigid rules of order and propriety, and has proven himself a true gentleman, worthy to command. While Capt. Ferd supervises the *menage* of the Celeste, Jimmy Thompson and Sam. Wood vie with each other in the entertainment of their guests. Everything is done that will in the least add to the comfort and happiness of passengers. Sam. Wood is familiarly known to every man, woman and child along the river, and is as popular as he is well known. Jimmy Creighton, as a social fellow, is always has a budget of jokes ready for his hearers, among which is his wonderful "dorg story." I am under special obligations to him for kindnesses extended. Long life to the Celeste and her clever officers, and may they ever receive the patronage and consideration they so richly merit. By the way, I hear that Capt. Pritchard is expected in Memphis on the 10th, with a side-wheel steamer for Arkansas river. Her advent will be hailed with delight by the denizens of the gulch.

The country along Arkansas river presents a very uninteresting aspect. Large plantations, in many places, are lying idle and are overgrown with weeds. Not one-fourth of the lands cultivated prior to the war during the war are now cultivated. The corn crop is generally very good, and the cotton will average half a crop. Many planters failed to get a stand, owing to the wet season, which will account for the shortness of the crop. The cotton looks fine enough, and this far up the river no trouble from the army worm, is apprehended; however, they have made their appearance on the lower river, and are creating sad havoc with the crops in that section. No wheat raised in this vicinity.

The political face of affairs in Arkansas differs somewhat from the state of things in Tennessee. The negro is, of course, the ruling element, but Sambo here, does not seem to be afflicted with that overweaning confidence in his white radical brethren, which was displayed by the negroes in the late Tennessee election. In fact, there seems to be a split in the radical party, the negroes inclining to throw the influence of their votes in favor of candidates of their own color for the state convention, in preference to the white radicals. Some of the radicals are considerably "riled," and declare the negro must go for nice of any kind. Strange! The conservative voters, in case they see no show for their white alley, will, I hear, give their voice in favor of the negro candidates, preferring them to the vandals who seek to use the negro only as an instrument of destruction against the southern people, and upon whose downfall they may ride into power.

The notorious grey-back of the war, Tom Quinn, was killed in a personal difficulty a few days since, at Big Creek, in this county. The deed was done in self-defense, and is considered otherwise than as an unfortunate affair. Another rencontre occurred in this county within the past week, between Dr. Brunson, a prominent physician, and one of his negro employees, which resulted in the death of the negro. Brunson was tried and acquitted. A.

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RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

The weather yesterday was quite pleasant. The heat was not so oppressive as during the early part of the week. Dust prevails, and rain